Beaver & Gephart

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THE LIFE OF SONG.

Is there anything on earth,
Where the strongest are not strong,
Half so feeble in its birth,
Or so sure of death, as Song?
Frailer blossom never grew,
Pelted by the summer rain;
Lighter insect never flew—
Scarcely come ere gone again!
Children, who chaste butterflies,
May pursue it, to and fro;
Little maids who sigh, "Heigh-ho!"
May deplore it, when it dies;
Loftier deeds to men belong—
Larger life than Song!

There is nothing on the earth,
Where so many things are strong,
Half so mighty in its birth,
And so sure of life, as Song.
Never pine on mountain height
So the thunder-bolt defies;
Never eagle in its flight
Soars with a firmer undaunted eyes!
Conquerors pull empires down,
Think they will not be forgot;
But if Song pursue them not,
Time destroys their dark renown:
Nothing is remembered long
But the Life of Song!

Presence of Mind.

I have always been celebrated for my presence of mind in emergencies.

Grandfather used to say that he never had a girl who was not afraid of a mouse or a spider, and how mother's daughter ever came to be so brave he couldn't guess. That was before I married, and, of course, I have not become timid with advancing years.

I am Mrs. Jasper Jackman; my husband is, of course Mr. Jackman, and our place is known as Jackman's Nook. Nook, indeed! If there was a corner to the world, I should fancy it was put away in that, for it is the most out-of-the-way habitation that ever existed. It is indeed. You can't see it until you are within fifty feet of it for the trees and the nasty rocks.

"So romantic!" people say. I call it miserably lonesome.

Now you know I'm not the least bit nervous, but, having lived with father and mother and the rest all my life, I did not enjoy being shut up all alone like a—a—a—well, a hyena in a menagerie, while Mr. Jackman attended to business in town; and I often thought if housebreakers were to make an attack upon the house, what should I do, a poor little woman, with no one to call upon? for I count Bridget as a great cipher in every occasion of life that does not involve soap-suds.

I told Jasper that, absolutely, if I had known what a place Jackman Nook was, I was not sure but that I should have thought twice before refusing old Dr. Muligtawny, whose palatial residence is in Fifth Avenue, New York City, as of course every body knows.

However, after you have once said "yes" to the gentleman who pops the question to you, you may say "no" ever after to all other questions for all he cares, for he'll have his own way always.

Mother-in-law Jackman having made Jasper promise that I must live always at the Nook was considered unanswerable; and, after all what could we do? No one would hire or buy the place, and we had it on our hands, Of course, we lived there. I always knew that doing so would be the cause of my showing the presence of mind for which I am celebrated in my own family—if nowhere else. And so it came to pass.

One stormy night in November, in the year 1863—it was the 4th, I think, for baby was just one year old on the 1st, and there was some of the cake I had made for his "bressed little birfity dirfday" still left in the pantry; and a cake of that size certainly never would last longer than that in our house. It was the most unpleasant day I ever remember to have lived through. The ground was soaked. The bare branches looked like so many skeltons, and the sky was the color Bridget's tin pans were when I first got down stairs this time last year.

In the city it would have been some fun to sit by the window and watch the folks go past, looking like so many drowned rats, but at the Nook (I should think it was a nook), there was nothing to be seen—absolutely nothing.

I had not a book which I had not read, and the note paper was out, for Jasper had forgotten to bring me some from the city, and I had finished all my sewing.

I spent my time as best I could; but how I did wish that the regiment which was encamped about half a mile away, was near enough for me to watch them drill—if they did drill in such weather. I'd thought them too near before on account of Bridget, whom I had caught a score of times talking to men in blue jackets at the gate, and wished them off to the seat of war, or anywhere else, over and over again; but that afternoon, what a relief they would have been!

I was the more lonely that Jasper had said that morning, "My dear, if it rains as it does now to-night, I shan't come home, but will stop at your father's." And how could I blame him in such weather? Yet it was dreadfully lonesome. If you are sociable with your servants they always presume upon it, and I do so love to talk.

Of course I watched the clouds with interest; if it should prove fair at last, Jasper, would come home, and if it rained he wouldn't.

Every now and then there would be a pretense of clearing off, and I began to hope for a pleasant sunset; but it was always a false pretense, and at teatime it poured as though there were going to be a second flood.

Biddy asked me, as it was so near the Hudson whether it wasn't likely to be a risin', and whether in that case "we wouldn't be drowned?" And I said, "Yes." It was too bad, I know, but it was really some amusement on such a day to frighten the stupid girl.

I had my tea alone, and I do hate to have tea alone if any woman in the world hates it—and then I put baby to sleep in her cradle in the sitting-room, and took my knitting, and was as comfortable as I could be under the circumstances, when I bethought me of the morning's paper. I called Biddy to bring it to me, and she came to me at once.

"It's well-thought of missus," she said, as she laid it in my lap. "It's yerself will be intherested wid the raidin.' There's accounts of the house-breakin' in it."

"Of what?" I ejaculated; and though I assure you I'm not the least nervous, my heart was in my mouth for a moment.

"Of the house-breakin', and how the thaves in the wurreld got into Misther Dinsmore's house, that's sittiated the same as this, neighboring nobody, and tuck al' they could lay their hands on, to say nothin of half-murderin' the ould gentlemen. The saints be above us this night——"

There it was, sure enough, headed. "A bold and outrageous attack upon the residence of Dr. Dinsmore!" I read it through, and then I said to myself:

"Jerusha Jackman, remember your presence of mind. Don't let it fail you in cases of emergency. Should a housebreaker take advantage of your solitude, let him find you prepared." It was as though some invisible what's-his-name had addressed me from the chimney. I answered, "I will!" and you can't imagine how bold I grew at once. I rehearsed all that I should do in case Biddy came to me in the night saying, "Missus, there's some one in the cellar"—all I should do if I found any body in the wardrobe when I retired, and I had the satisfaction of feeling that I was prepared. I might wake up to find the spoons gone—I might be murdered in my bed; but it would not be unawares, and they would inscribe upon my tombstone these words: "She showed her presence of mind to the last." I felt quite self-possessed and happy, though I was certain—yes, morally certain—that something remarkable would happen before morning; that I should be, as it were, weighed in the balance and not found wanting before the sun arose. I did not feel like retiring early, and sat by the fire until the clock struck eleven. Then, just as the last stroke died away, Biddy came down from her bedroom like a red flannel ghost, with eyes and mouth wide open, and something of importance evidently on her mind. I put baby down in her cradle and arose, drawing myself up to my full height, and feeling that I was the only one to be depended on in this awful emergency.

"Bridget," said I, "how many are they? Is it one or more?"

"Mum?" said Bridget."

"The thieves I mean," said I.

"Oh, it isn't thaves, mum," said Biddy. "It's only that thafe of a wind that's took the roof clane off the chicken-house, and the'r's the wee bits iv chicks a stharvin to death wid cowld."

"And in this dreadful rain, too," said I.

"It's clared off fine," said Biddy, "and the moon's up."

So it actually was, and I began to feel very brave.

"We must go out and put them in the wood-house," said I. And so saying, I tucked baby up in his blankets, and wrapping a shawl over my head, went out into the night air. It had grown very cold, but it was clear, as Biddy had said, and we paddled round in the mud catching the poor little chickens. We had them all at last, except one, and we heard its little voice *swee, swee, swee*—somewhere, and of course could not be so heartless as to forsake it. And at last there it was, tangled up in some dead vines, and as cold as a lump of ice. By the time we gave it to its mother, who was very glad to see it, the clock struck twelve. Baby had been alone three-quarters of an hour.

"Muzzer's darling! sound asleep yet?" I said, as I went to the cradle. Merciful powers! shall I ever forget that moment? Baby was not there!

In a moment the truth flashed on my mind. Housebreakers had entered the dwelling in our absence, and stolen my treasure. Perhaps they were in the house yet, or some of them. I felt the strength of a tigress and, leaving Biddy howling in the dinning-room, rushed up stairs.

Sure enough, there was a light in my bed-room, and I peeped in. The moment I did so, I felt I was powerless. The robber who had stolen my baby was there, and the terribly muddy boots of another were sticking from under the bed; and, oh, horrors! another had got into it, and had hidden, as he imagined, under the quilts.

On my presence of mind depended the recovery of my child and my life. In a moment the plan flashed upon me. There was but one door to the room, and the windows were high and barred, for I had contemplated the time when baby should be large enough to climb up and lean out. Noiselessly and suddenly I drew that door to and locked it on the outside; then, with the key in my hand, and trembling like an aspen leaf, I stole down stairs and cried to Bridget:

"I've locked them in; they shall give my baby back; come with me!" and away I went across the garden and down the road to the first house.

This was "Mulligan's Tavern," a very low place, indeed, shunned by all respectable folks; but I knew there were always men there who were afraid of nobody. The greatest brutes would not refuse aid to a woman at such a time.

As we came near I saw a light in one of the windows, and I heard voices and loud laughter. It was no time for ceremony, so I burst the door open and ran in. There were four men playing cards, and old Mrs. Mulligan behind the bar.

"Oh! please excuse me," I cried; "but do come right away. There are housebreakers in my house, and they've stolen my baby."

"Sthole the baby?" cried old Mrs. Mulligan.

"Oh, do come," I implored.

"Go, Pat," said the old woman; "never mind the game. It's Missus Jackman; more betoken she's the next neighbors to us. Take yer pistols an' away wid ye, boys. And Missus, just take a drop o'screechin' hot whiskey to kape the life in ye."

Of course I refused the latter offer, but in a moment the men were on their feet, and I felt like blessing them—those half-savage creatures who had become my protectors.

I don't know how we got to the house or upstairs. I remember an awful tumult, a smell of gunpowder, oaths and shouts. Then there was a silence—then a loud laugh.

"It's thrue, boys!" said old Mulligan's voice. "I know Misther Jackman, an' it's himself. It's a great mistake—that's all.

"A singular mistake to enter a man's house, and endeavor to shoot him in his own bed!" said a voice I knew to be my husband's; and at that I rushed into the room.

He was there, and so was the baby, for he held her in his arms; and there, also, was Mulligan and his friends and their pistols, and half the furniture was broken, the stove upset. But as for the housebreakers, they——I began to see the truth. Mr. Mulligan was backing out.

"I'll have Mrs. Jackman to explain," he said. "An' I'm proud I didn't kill ye, though it's out of friendship I'd have done it; for if yer own wife took ye for a housebreaker, how would I know better? The top of the night till ye, an' I'll have the lady to explain."

Ah! I did really wish that the ground would open and swallow me. You see, my husband had come home while we were hunting up the chickens, and finding the baby wide awake, had taken her up to bed and gone to sleep. And the robber under the bed was his muddy boots, with, of course, no feet in them; and well there were none, for they were riddled with bullet holes. Mr. Mulligan had fired at them, fortunately. When I thought of the awful danger Jasper and the baby had been in, I went into strong hysterics at once, and frightened Jasper so that he was glad to forgive me when I came to myself. It was a terrible mistake, and might have ended seriously, of course; but I will say now and always, that it was Jasper's fault, and that if he had been a housebreaker we might all have been thankful for my great presence of mind.

Prominent Events Since 1840.

It is not too much to say that no great invention which had not its beginning in the decade of 1840—1850 has appeared in the past thirty years. In that period occurred the most signal development of the application of chemistry to manufactures and agriculture; an enormous expansion of commerce by means of railroads and ocean steamships; the discovery of ether; and the perfection and diffusion of some of the most precious contributions ever made to the welfare of mankind. In 1835 only 934 miles of railroad had been completed in the United States; in 1840 they had been nearly trebled (2,818;) in 1845 they had been nearly quadrupled (3,768). In 1835 Boston was connected with Worcester, and Baltimore with Washington; from Philadelphia the traveler could go no farther West by rail than the Susquehanna at Columbia. In 1839, Ericsson brought over the propeller to these hospitable shores. In 1840 the Cunard Line of ocean steamers was established, but for a time only "side-wheelers" were tolerated. The first regular ship, the Britannia, reached Boston after a trip of fourteen days and eight hours. Morse's telegraph, after vain offers on both sides of the Atlantic, was at last subsidized by our own Government, and in 1845 communication was opened between Baltimore and Washington. "What hath God wrought!" signalled Morse at the capital to Alfred Vail at Baltimore. The news dispatches to the press "by electro-telegraph" or "by magnetic telegraph" were meagre, while public patronage was so timid that the wits of the day made fun of a delighted father in Baltimore, who "wired" the news of the birth of a grandson to a postoffice official at the capitol—"as if the mail was too slow" at twenty miles an hour. In April, 1840, Goodyear was in the debtors' prison (a lodging almost as familiar to him as his own home) in Boston; he had the year before found the clue to the vulcanizing of rubber, but the process was not reduced to a certainty till 1844. At about the same time (1845-7) the McCormick reaper was confirming the independence of the New World to the Old as a granary. (As late as 1836 38, wheat had been imported into the United States from Portugal and the Baltic.) The sewing machine devised by Elias Howe in 1843 was patented in 1846, but the importance of this invention was not fully realized for more than a dozen years afterward. The daguerreotype dates from 1839, and in 1840 the enterprising Mr. Plumb began taking likenesses in Boston with small success for some months. Five years later his "galleries" were to be found in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and even in Dubuque, Ia. Finally, July 24, 1847, the patent was issued for Hoe's lightning press, with its "impression cylinder" (the type revolving on a circular bed) and a printing capacity of 10,000 to 20,000 impressions per hour.

The Harz.

The district known as the Harz, is the old Hercynian forest of which Cæsar has left such terrifying accounts, strangely at at variance with its modest aspect. It covers an area of seventy miles by thirty, and divides itself into the Upper and Lower Harz. Both have beauties of their own. The Upper Harz is wilder, its rock scenery more grotesque, its water-scooped valleys more sombre and precipitous; pines and fir trees clothe its mountain sides in thicker pride. The Lower Harz, on the other hand, is gentler and softer of aspect; there are more fields and pastures; the distant plains are visible, and furnish a less confined perspective; the hills are lower, the mountainous character less pronounced. For this a curious feature about the Harz, that although its highest mountain, the Brocken, is only 3,700 feet high, yet the whole region has a remarkably Alpine character as regards vegetation and meteorological phenomena. Indeed, this little district has a character sui generis, underground, on the ground, and overground. Underground, because it is one of the most interesting of unsolved geological problems; and for the lover of mineralogy and the student of geology here is a fine field for working with the hammer. The mineral wealth of the Harz is proverbial, its gnomes and kobolds live in legendary lore; its minerals are desinated by Mr. Ruskin as the aristocrats of their genus. This quaint writer contends that there is rank among minerals as among men, and that you "may recognize the high caste and breeding of these crystals, wherever you meet them, and know at once that they are Harz born." He further adds: "If you want to see the gracefulest and happiest caprices of which dust is capable, you must go the Harz, not that I ever mean to go there myself, because I want to retain the romantic feeling about the name." This romantic feeling clings round what we have called its overground characteristics; the witch and wild huntsmen associations which linger around its name. The Harz is the home of all the weirdest legends of North Germany, the scene of Goethe's "Walpurgis Nacht," the home of cloud myths and storms. The lover of legends will become almost seated here; every rock, every hill, every prominent spot, has its story.

—Geo. W. Childs, has put $100,000 in cash into a limited partnership formed in Philadelphia for the manufacture of watch cases.

Fly and Spider—The Tables Turned.

Australia is the land of contrariety in regard to animal and vegetable life—such as black swans, the duck-mole, fish which climb trees, cherries with stones outside, and veritable wooden pears!—but one fact regarding spiders and flies is equally strange, for here there is a fly which catches spiders. He is a wiry, energetic, hard-looking customer; body longish and narrow; color, literally half-mourning, and about three-quarters of an inch long; he builds a clay nest for his larvæ, generally inside locks, under veranda leaves, or even in cracks of wood-work, and sometimes in the folds of curtains or clothes. In one case, while staying at a friends house about twenty miles from Sidney, I left my waterproof coat hanging untouched for about four days, and on taking it down there were a nest nearly built in one of the folds, of about the size of one's little finger and three or four inces in length. On replacing the coat and leaving it for another few days, and then examining it, the nest, was finished; it had three compartments, with one little white grub in each and for its food several small green spiders, not then absolutely dead, but apparently in a state of coma. These spiders were evidently taken out of the orange orchard, as there were plenty of the same kind alive about the trees; but recently, while up in the mountains, I watched one of the flies carrying off a black house-spider quite as big as itself; and during the course of the day saw him three separate times, and on each occasion with a large spider. I could not find the nest; but the farmer tells me that he has occasionally done so, and found as twenty good-sized spiders of various kinds, all apparently dead, but not decayed, and generally five or six larvæ of the fly. There is also a large spider which actually catches small birds occasionaly, and kills and devours them! He is like a wasp in color; body, shape and size of a small hazel nut; legs long and wiry; and he also looks like a hard-skinned customer. The web is always double, one about half as large again as the other, and made of such a strong yellowish fiber that, if accidentally walking into it, you feel a sensible stoppage of your way for the moment. One bird—the wreck of which I myself saw left in the web—was rather smaller than the English wren, and the web was strong enough to stand all its struggles, although a little broken here and there. As regards the size of some spiders, we have a flat-bodied, gray-colored one here which builds no web, but lives under the bark of dead trees, behind boards, etc., the body of which is about the size of a shilling and not much thicker, but the legs of which are quite as long as the fingers of an ordinary-sized hand, and the whole spread of the brute is about a hand's breath. This is for the fullest sized ones; but the common run of them are five or six inches across, and the style in which they pounce upon and double up the small-cockroaches is "a caution."

Burial Place of a Viking.

All over Norway there are mounds which are known to be burial places. Now and then one is opened, and the contents are always interesting, but it costs a great deal, so that it is only very gradually that these tombs are being investigated. When a famous chieftain died it was the custom to build a burial chamber in his ship, and to bury with him his horses and his dogs, the harness, gold and silver ornaments, etc. Then the ship was dragged up some distance on the shore, surrounded with moss, and buried in clay piled up over it. In the mound we saw there were found the ship, about seventy feet long (larger than any hitherto found) and the bones of a man, three horses, and of several dogs. It was undoubtedly placed there in the ninth century, and after a thousand years of darkness has come to light once more; but not for the first time. There are signs of its having been opened and rifled of the gold and silver ornaments which ought to have been found, and are not. But that was probably not long after it was first placed there. In spite of the years that it has lain buried, there are traces of paint on the outside, and its ornamentation convinces the antiquaries that some Viking of great importance had his last resting-place here. The nails with which the timbers are fastened show that it belonged to what is called the first iron age. It was curious to see how some of the parts were dovetailed into each other in just the same way as they would be done to-day. The ship is supposed to have carried 120 men, as that number of shields were found hanging within the bulwarks, forming a defense to the men who rowed beneath. The prow was very sharp, and must have cut the water beautifully, urged on by so many rowers, and also by the wind in its large sail, which was of woollen material. Round the hero's bones were found the remains of a silk mantle, which may have been brought from the farthest East. The rudder, a huge, oar-shaped thing, was fastened to the vessel's side. Most of the articles found within the ship have been carefully removed and placed in the museum connected with the university. The ship is not yet wholly excavated. If possible to remove it, it will be taken to Christiana.

Long Rest at Noon.

Travelers affirm that the people of no foreign country do as much of out door labor during the heat of the day as the inhabitants of the United States. In all the countries about the Mediterranean sea a long session of rest for man and beast occurs during the middle of the day In northern Europe a shorter time is given to rest at noon, because the temperature is lower, and the rays of the sunlight fall so as to produce a less injurious effect upon laborers. Still the time for rest is longer in this part of Europe than in the United States of America. With us there is no stopping work for the sake of taking rest at noon. Lobor is expended only to allow men and animals to take food and drink. As soon as eating and drinking are finished work in the open sun is resumed. Without doubt we should be gainers both in the matter of health and wealth, if we gave a considerable time during the middle of the day to rest. More sickness occurs among the farmers immediately after haying and harvesting than at any other season of the year, and the cause of it may be attributed, in a great majority of cases, to the exposure to the heat of the sun when it is almost directly over the head of the workmen engaged in the fields.

Rosetti believes that the temperature of the sun cannot be less than 20,000 degrees C.

The Tramp Abroad.

One of the first persons we encountered in walking up the street in Baden Baden was the Rev. Mr.——, an old friend from America of a refined and sensitive nature. His companionship is genuine refreshment. We knew he had been in Europe some time, but were not expecting to run across him. We were going up the street brimful of talk when a vigorous young fellow, with an open, independent countenance, and a crop of early down, slapped the clergyman on the shoulder with his broad palm, and sang out cheerily: "Americans, for two and a half, and the money up! Hey?"

The clergyman winced, but replied mildly: "Yes, we are Americans."

"Lord love you, you can just bet that's what I am, every time. Put it there!"

He held out his Sahara of a palm and the Reverend laid his diminutive hand in it, and got so cordial a shake that we heard his glove burst.

"Say, didn't I put you up right?"

"Oh, yes."

"Sho? I spotted you for *my* kind the minute I heard your clack. You been over here long?"

"About four months. Have you been over long?"

"*Long?* Well, I should say so! Going on two *years*, by geeminy! Say, are you homesick?"

"No, I can't say that I am. Are you?"

"O, h—, yes!" [This, with immense enthusiasm.]

The Reverend shrunk a little in his clothes, and we were aware, rather by instinct than otherwise, that he was throwing out signals of distress, but we did not interfere or try to succor him, for we were quite happy.

The young fellow hooked his arm into the Reverend's with the confiding and grateful air of a waif who has been longing for a friend, and a sympathetic ear, and a chance to lisp once more the sweet accents of the mother tongue—and then, he limbered up the muscles of his mouth and turned himself loose—and with such a relish! Some of his words were not Sunday school words, so we are obliged to put blanks where they occur.

"Yes, indeedy! If *I* ain't an American there *ain't* no Americans, that's all. And when I heard you fellows gassing away in the good old American language, I'm—— if it wasn't all I could do to keep from hugging you! My tongue's all warped with trying to curl it around these——— forsaken, wind-galled, nine-jointed German words here; now, I *tell* you it's awful good to lay it over a Christian word once more and kind of let the old taste soak in. I'm from Western New York. My name is Cholly Adams. I'm a student, you know. Been here going on two years. I'm learning to be a horse doctor.———these people. They won't learn a fellow in his own language; they make him learn in German; so before I could tackle the horse-doctoring I had to tackle this miserable language. First off, I thought it would give me the botts, but I don't mind it now. I've got it where the hair's short. Dontchuknow, they made me learn Latin, too. Now, between you and me, I wouldn't give a ———for all the Latin that was ever jabbered; and the first thing I calculate to do when I get through, is to just sit down and forget it. 'Twon't take me long, and I don't mind the time, anyway. And I tell you what, the difference between school teaching over yonder and school teaching over here—sho! *We* don't know anything about it! Here you've got to peg and peg and peg and there ain't just any let-up and what you learn here, you've got to *know*, dontchuknow—or else you'll have one of those———spavined, spectacled, ring-boned, knock-kneed old professors in your hair. I've been here, long *enough*, and I'm getting blessed tired of it, mind I *tell* you. The old man wrote that he was coming over in June, and that he'd take me home in August, whether I was done with my education or not, but durn him, he didn't come; never said why; just sent me a hamper of Sunday school books, and told me to be good and hold on a while. I don't take to Sunday school books, dontchuknow—I don't hanker after them when I can get pie—but I *read* them, anyway, because whatever the old man tells me to do, that's the thing that I'm a-going to *do*, or tear something, you know. I buckled in and read all of those books, because he wanted me to; but that kind of thing don't excite *me*. I like something *hearty*. But I'm awful homesick. I'm homesick from ear-socket to crupper, and from crupper to hock-joint; but it ain't any use. I've got to stay here till the old man drops the rag and gives the word; yes, *sir*, right here in this———country I've got to linger till the old man says *come!* and you bet your bottom dollar, Johnny, it *ain't* just as easy as it is for a cat to jump rope."

At the end of this profane and cordial explosion he fetched a prodigious "*uhoosh*" to relieve his lungs and make recognition of the heat, and then he straightway divided into his narrative again for "Johnny's" benefit, beginnning:

"Well,———it ain't any use talking, some of those old American words *do* have a kind of a bully swing to them; a man can *express* himself with 'em—a man can get at what he wants to *say*, dontchuknow."

When we reached our hotel, and it seemed that he was about to lose the Revrend, he showed so much sorrow, and begged so hard and so earnestly, that the Reverend's heart was not hard enough to hold out against the pleadings—so he went away with the parent-honoring student, like a right Christian, and took supper with him in his lodgings and sat in the surf-beat of his slang and profanity till near midnight, and then left him—left him pretty well talked out, but grateful "clear down to his frogs," as he expressed it. The Reverend considered him rather a rough gem, but a gem, nevertheless.

A Tall Horse.

New York is wondering over a huge specimen of a horse which was brought to that city recently from Ohio. The animal is of native draft stock, and his registered height is eighty-one inches, or twenty hands and one inch, a foot taller than the average man; and his weight is 2450 pounds. This is the largest horse of which there is record, although a great veterinary surgeon in New York once owned a horse nineteen hands and one inch in height. Two horses were shown at the Philadelphia centennial exhibition, that were nineteen hands and one inch high, which were afterward purchased by a brewer in that city, and Pope Pius Ninth and a Hanoverian horse fancier are on record as owning animals of equal height.

Opening of the Santa Fe Trail.

It was about the begining of this century that it dawned upon our people that there were as good markets as well as cities and people in and near this same Rio Grande Valley, and under Mexican rule. There is said to be in the ancient palace at Santa Fe a Spanish document proving the existence of a trail in the last quarter of the eighteenth century from the old French settlements in what is now Illinois to some of the towns in New Mexico, and from one of them—Abidutu—to California. General Kearney is said to have dispatched a courier over the latter. But all efforts of the writer have failed to prove the authenticity, or secure proper translations, of the document in question. Mr. Gregg, in his interesting book, *The Commerce of the Prairies* (now out of print), from which much information could be collated, stated that a merchant of Kaskaskia named Morrison, heard, about 1804, through some trappers, of the stories which the Indians had told them of this ancient land, where Spanish pomp and civilization went hand and hand with royally high prices of merchandise. He dispatched one La Lande, a French Canadian, on an adventure to Santa Fe, and Mr. La Lande went thither with alacrity, but omitted the trifling formality of coming back again. The log huts of Kaskaskia knew him no more; he lived in opulence in a one-story adobe house, while the excellent Morrison.

"Looked for the coming which might not be;" and finally La Lande died in the odor of sanctity and was gathered to his fathers, without having rendered any account of sales, or made any remittance to his principal.

Four men, starting with their goods in 1812, and manfully pushing their way to Santa Fe, returned only in 1821, having been imprisoned during nearly all the intermediate time. The next year, however, marked the opening of the Santa Fe Trail, that wonderful road, some eight hundred miles in length, rising so imperceptibly for three quarters of this distance as to seem absolutely level, and without bridge from end to end. There it stretched away toward the sunset half a century ago, and there it stretches to-day, and what poet's dream, what prophetic vision of the ardent patriot, steadfastly believing in the future greatness of his country, is commensurate with either the romance or the reality of the march over and beside it, during those fifty years, of the pioneeer, the trader, the soldier, the Free-State champion, the settler, and the railroad engineer?

The first traders carried their merchandise on pack horses or mules, and it was in 1824 that it was decided to use wagons, a number of which reached Santa Fe with much less difficulty than might have been expected. The practicability of this method being established the trade began steadily to increase, and in a few years a large amount of capital was embarked therein. Its initial point was first Franklin, some one hundred and fifty miles west of St. Louis; then Independence; then Westport—all these towns being on the Missouri River, and thus easily reached during the season of navigation. Here were found motley crowds—traders, outfitters, dealers in supplies of all kinds, tourists, invalids hoping to regain their health by a trip on the plains, drivers, and "roughs" in abundance, The covered wagons were drawn first by horses, then by mules, then by both mules and oxen; and were carefully loaded, Besides the merchandise, supplies for the men were carried—say, bacon, flour, coffee, sugar and a little salt, it being expected that enough buffaloes would be killed to furnish fresh meat. Starting off in detached parties, the wagons would rendezvous at Council Grove, on a branch of the Neosho River, twenty miles north of the present town of Emporia, and here an organization would be effected for mutual aid and protection during the long journey. In such a caravan there would be, perhaps, one hundred wagons, and a "captain of the caravan" would divide them into four divisions, with a lieutenant to each. Every individual in the caravan was compelled to stand his watch at night, and this guard must have presented a motley assortment of clothing and arms. When all was ready, the start was made. Every night a hollow square and temporary corral were made with the wagons, and the camp fires lighted outside of this square. Across swamps, quagmires, and even rivers, the teams were driven, men being sent ahead to make temporary bridges over the first two, of brush or long grass covered with earth, and sometimes, for crossing streams to fabricate "buffalo boats" of hides stretched over frames of poles, or empty wagon bodies.

Not a Good Joke After All.

Life in Leadville is full of excitement even for a barber. The other day a citizen named Plug strolled into a barber's establishment where there were two chairs, both full, and fourteen men waiting. If there is one thing that Plug despises it is waiting around while a lot of other fellows get shaved. He figured on how to avoid it, and espying a friend in one of the chairs he stepped up to him and spoke a few words in a low tone. Suddenly he became excited. Addressed his friend he cried: "You third-rate mule-whacker, I'll have your gore!" And the friend yelled back, "You greaser, I'll shoot you full of holes!" "I can shoot first," yelled the Plug, drawing his revolver. "I'll let you see you can't" roared the friend, leaping from the chair. By this time a scene of wild excitement was taking place in the shop. The whole fourteen waiting customers were wildly struggling to get out before the shooting began. The man in the other chair, without stopping to wipe the lather from his face or remove the apron about him, leaped from the window upon the head of a policeman, who at once arrested him for a madman. One of the barbers had bumped his head terribly and got his mouth full of dust, crawling under a sofa, and the other barber was promply concealed behind a barrel in the closet. As soon as the shop was cleared the two friends ceased threatening each other, put up their pistols and a hearty laugh coaxed the barbers to come out and shave them. Plug tried to explain to the head barber that it was all a joke. "But," said the barber, "you're a fighting man." "No," said Plug, "I am a regular coward and couldn't lick a flea." "Then by tunket," yelled the barber, "you've driven over $5 worth of trade away from me and I'll take the value out of your hide!" And he got in several lusty blows on Plug before the latter could offer to settle. And, somehow, Plug doesn't think it was such a good joke after all.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 2., 1880.

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL

Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at

$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square,...	$1 00	$2 50	$3 00	$4 00	$7 00
¼ column,..	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column,..	5 00	7 50	10 00	15 00	35 00
1 column,..	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Job Work done on short notice.

DEININGER & BUMILLER, Editors and Proprietors.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Rev. Samuel Smith and Rev. W. H. Hartman, Preachers.

Sunday School, 2 P. M.—D. L. Zerby, supt.

Preaching next Sunday evening.

Methodist.

Rev. J. Benson Akers, Preacher-in-charge.

Sunday School at 1½ P. M.—Dav. Kimport, supt

Reformed.

Rev. C. W. E. Siegel, Pastor.

Harvest Home services in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning. German.

United Brethren.

Rev. B. J. Hummel, Pastor.

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—No services next Sunday. Pastor Tomlinson expects to assist Rev. J. G. Aaspach, in the White Deer charge.

United Sunday School.

Meets at 9 A. M.—F. D. Luse, supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 355, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening. Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.
A. O. DEININGER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, N. G

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.
D. L. ZERBY, Sec. A. O. Deininger, Master.,

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.
A. WALTER, Sec, B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.
F. P. OTTO, Sec., J. F. HARTER, Pres't.

Millheim Escort of Co. B., 5th Regt., N. G., hold their drill meeting on the second story of Alexander's Block, every Tuesday and Friday evening.

Official Director

Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Mondays of January, April, August and November.

President Judge—Hon. Chas. A. Mayer, Lock Haven.
Additional Law Judge—Hon. John H. Orvis, Bellefonte.
Associate Judges—Hons. Samuel Frank, John Diven.
Prothonotary—J. C. Harner.
Register of Wills and Clerk of O. C.—W. E. Butcofield.
Recorder of Deeds, &c.—William A. Tobias.
District Attorney—David F. Fortney.
Sheriff—John Spangler.
Treasurer—Adam Yearick.
County Surveyor—Joseph Deviing.
Coroner—Dr. Joseph Adams.
County Commissioners—Andrew Gregg, George Swab, Jacob Dunkle.
Clerk to County Commissioners—Henry Beck.
Attorney to County Commissioners—C. M. Bower.
Janitor of the Court House—Bartrim Galbraith.
County Auditors—James T. Stewart, George R. Williams, Thomas B. Jamison.
Jury Commissioners—John Shannon, David W. Milne.
Superintendent of Public Schools—Prof. Henry Meyer.

WHO CAN VOTE.

The next election in Pennsylvania will be held on Tuesday, November 2, 1880.

Voters must be assessed two months before the election—that is, on or before September 2.

The assessors must be at the election house on Wednesday and Thursday, September 1st and 2nd, from 10 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M. of each day, for the purpose of correcting the list of voters, by adding names thereto or striking them off.

The committee men of the respective election districts should attend at the time the assessor sits to correct the list.

To secure their votes, voters must have paid a state or county tax one month before the election and within the two years immediately preceding the date of one month before the election. The last day for paying tax this year is October 2nd.

Members of Democratic state, county and city committees should see to it that every voter of our party has complied with the law.

Failure to pay tax in season deprives the voter of the privilege of voting. An elector can swear in his vote though he be not assessed. But the neglect may cause much trouble.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET,

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN. WINFIELD S. HANCOCK.
Of Pennsylvania.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HON. WM. H. ENGLISH,
Of Indiana.

STATE TICKET.

SUPREME JUDGE,
GEORGE A. JENKS, Jefferson Co,

AUDITOR GENERAL,
ROBERT P. DECHERT, Philadelphia.

HANCOCK AT HOME.

His Official and Domestic Habits—Tenacity His Strongest Point.

General Hancock is seen at his best at his home, for there he throws aside the worriment of his official cares and responsibilities.

There's but the twinkling of a star
Between a man of peace and war.

No one is more thoroughly domestic in his habits. He has always preferred the quiet of his own home to the glittering splendors of fashionable life. Of children he is passionately fond. Rising at six o'clock, which is his uniform habit, he takes a bath first and then has a wild romp with his three grandchildren, at present with Russell Hancock, their father, and their mother, only daughter a few years ago, a most beautiful and accomplished young lady of eighteen, it took him a long time to recover from the blow, and his wife has not yet laid aside her sombre habiliments commemorative of the sad event. Directly after breakfast and glancing over the papers and his personal mail the General goes to his office, where, as already stated, he spends the most of the day. Till dinner he occupies himself in talking with his family and entertaining visitors. He eats sparingly, to which may doubtless be mainly ascribed his perfect health. After dinner he smokes sometimes a pipe, and sometimes a cigar, and this is the sum total of his day's smoking; so, as will be seen, he is no great slave to the seductive weed. His spare time in the evening he usually devotes to reading. He has a well-furnished library and shows a preference for historical and statistical works. He goes to bed early, at ten o'clock generally, and is a sound sleeper—that precious boon of a clear conscience and good digestion. His residence, the largest and finest on the island, and thus notably distinguished from the others is a model of cosy comfort both outside and inside. Wide porches in the front and rear, with creeping vines and beautiful flowers scattered about, show discriminating taste, while the pictures and works of art and well-lined book-cases to be seen in the interior evince the broad culture of the master occupant.

As already stated, General Hancock does not go into society much. Of course he visits a good deal among the officers of the post, and a very pleasant society it is, composed mainly of the members of his staff and their families. On Sundays he generally comes to the city in the morning to attend Dr. Bellows' Church, where he and Mrs. Han cock have a pew. In the summer he rarely frequents summer watering-places, having somehow, notwithstanding his eminent sociability, a dislike for this kind of life. He is par excellence a domestic man, and his accomplished wife, although before their marriage one of the reigning belles of St. Louis, has the same domestic tastes. He seldom travels except on official business, and since his nomination has politely, though firmly, declined invitations to visit our leading places of fashionable resort or to go on trips through the country, he being strongly averse to anything which would look like making a show of himself. Once in a while he and his family take a little sail down the bay on a steam launch—the Pinafore—kept at the island exclusively for his use, and this with the quiet repose of his cool, double-porched and vine-embosomed residence, the society of his family and books, his official duties and at the present time entertaining an unwonted rush of visitors—one of the pains and penalties of being a Presidential candidate—make up the sum total of his daily life. The fact has been frequently noted that no newspaper representative has been able to "interview" him. It is not that he does not have well settled opinions on all the leading poltical questions of the day. Few men are firmer in their convictions, few better read or better posted, few able to give to their ideas more terse expression. He does not paraphrase. He calls a spade a spade. One of his strongest mental characteristics is firmness—a bull-dog tenacity of purpose. The day he was nominated he said he would not be "interviewed," and he has not been and will not be.

DESPERATION OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

(*From the Bradford, Pa., Argus.*)

The Republican party goes into this campaign with desperation in its looks and desperation marked in its actions. It sees that thinking men wish to see some other issue than that of sectionalism and hatred. It has the saying of Grant that the South was now in a state of rest and prosperity. It has that of Garfield who said that any one who sought to stir up sectionalism and not put himself in the line of public thought and feeling, would find himself without a party and without a support. It has ignored all the live issues of the day, and bent all its energies to the one subject of President-making and perpetuating its power, and it has only the one call of appeal—rebels! rebels!! rebels!!! No wonder it is desperate; on the verge of political bankruptcy, it clutched at one hope after another and finally fell back on its old issues. With all its crookedness of management, it still cries intimidation; with all its lack of honesty, it still appeals to honerable men; with all its promises of reform, it speaks of the President and his reforms contemptuously, and puts in nomination for Vice President the man whom Hayes said was not fit to hold office. Can such a party continue its existence? It is now moribund. It will be swept out, as with the besom of destruction! Good men are leaving it like rats from a sinking ship. Its strongest men are in the sulks, and its rank and file are in a condition of apathy. Thus ends the first lesson.

The Democrats of Clinton county did a real nice thing in nominating Mr. J. C. C. Whalley, editor of the Clinton *Democrat*. Mr. W. is a gentleman of ability and will reflect honor on his county, the party and himself. [illegible] a large majority.

IS THE WAR OVER?

(*From the New York Truth: Independent, Aug. 25, 1880.*)

Let us suppose the case of a man who left his country in 1865, after a surrender of Appomattox. He has been, in the meantime—more than fifteen years—in a country where no information of what was going on in America was to be obtained. He went away at a time when the best men of all parties were turning their attention to the best means of reconciliation. We will say that the stripling of 21 has developed into the husband and father and bearded man of 36, and that when he lands once more on American soil, he is, above all things, anxious to know what has been going on while he was away. "What's this?" he says, as he catches sight of the headlines of the paper, "Why, *there has been another war!*"

Is not that the thought that would rise to the mind of any man under these circumstances? Fifteen years and a half have passed since Lee gave up his sword at Appomattox, and yet the newspapers are full of accounts of the fighting of the great battle of the rebellion over again! Forgiveness! Is this forgiveness to the South? Union? Is this the Union which Washington created, Grant defended and Lincoln preserved? Peace? Is this vexed and troubled condition of public affairs really peace?

And who are they who come at every moment of national disquietude and show the livid faces of rage and hate and lust of power? Who are they who seek to fight the war over and over again and to make the passions it engendered the arbiters of affairs with which it had nothing to do? Are they the original Republicans? No; they are the sutlers and political camp followers who have succeeded to the spoils which the victors of real battle-fields disdained to touch, and now to go about masquerading in their uniforms!

What did Lincoln say at the supreme crisis of the war?

"With malice toward none, and with charity toward all."

It is up North that the issues of the war are kept alive by men who made fortunes out of the distractions of their country, and would willingly see one-half of the human family perish on the battle-field if their ill-gotten gains could be increased by the slaughter.

We exhort our countrymen to ponder these matters. There *must* be something wrong when, after universal amnesty has been in effect so long, a certain section desires to prolong the conflict of the North with the South, fifteen years after the issues involved in it were surrendered at the arbitration of the sword.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 28th, 1880.

General Hancock improves upon acquaintance. His first published letter to General Sherman written in December 1876, incidentally reveal the fact that he was in advance of the politicians of his party, in discovering that the Electoral Commission bettered the chances of Governor Hayes, until the commission was decided on, he says, in substance, "I considered Mr. Tilden's position impregnable." In these letters too, as in the one previously published, he shows the clear understanding of constitutional principles that made his general order No. 40 so famous. The more the people learn of the General the more they like him.

That the people do like him was splendidly shown in the great ratification meeting held here on Thursday night. This city, in which Radicalism has had unlimited power for twenty years, and where the Radical party and its Presidential candidate are better known than elsewhere, simply blazed with enthusiasm for Hancock. Everybody was in the streets. Thirty thousand people heard the speeches or tried to get near enough to hear them. Government employees, crippled soldiers, and very many who have all their lives been Republicans, joined the procession, and carried the Democratic banner or torch. It was such a ratification meeting as was never before seen in a city the size of this.

Hon. Horace Maynard received his commission and entered on duty as Post Master General on yesterday. He has not yet visited his home since his return from Europe, and it is said he will do so very soon, taking with him copies of civil service reform order No. 1 of Mr. Hayes and illustrating its principles by speeches for Garfield. So far as the duties of his office are concerned, it may be said that Mr. Maynard has unquestioned capacity for their performance, and that his experience on the committee on Post Offices and Post Roads in the House will aid him materially. But this administration is not just now engaged in the transaction of Government business. It is helping to elect Garfield, and Mr. Maynard will give most of his time from September first to November first to that work.

General Halbert E. Paine, late Commissioner of Patents, has joined the great army of attorneys at Washington, and will in connection with his other practice, attend to patent business. The number of Cabinet and Bureau officials who have thus engaged in business here is very large.

The death of General Myer, Chief of the Signal Service, is to be regretted, not only because of the great loss to the service but because the army will be demoralized by the struggle for the vacant place. Already one officer has sent circulars out to Boards of Trade and other associations, begging them to urge his appointment. CARROLL.

Whenever a Republican tells you that if the Democrats get into power they will pay the rebel debts, rebel claims and pensions to rebel soldiers, just read to him the following section from the constitution of the United States and he will not bother you again very soon:

SEC. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. *But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held null and void.*"

Judge Black returned from Europe last week on the steamer Batavia. He arrived at New York on the 25th and went directly to his home near York, Pa.

Mr. Hayes made off to California last week and don't expect to return until about Nov. 1. Some people think he had better stay at home and attend to the duties of Mr. Tilden's office, but this is all a notion. The country will manage to get along just as well whether he is in Washington or California and he is sure of his $50,000 a year anyhow. How nice to be a fraudulent President.

Four years ago Samuel J. Tilden was elected President by a majority of over a quarter million. He received a total of 3,284,667 votes, of which number 2,670,685 were cast in northern and western states and 1,613,982 in the southern. These figures show that the Democratic party is a *National* party notwithstanding the cry of "solid south by the radical press.

The three candidates for President this year are none of them very rich men. Gen. Garfield is said to be worth $20,000, Gen. Hancock perhaps twice as much, while Gen. Weaver is not worth over $5,000. The candidates for Vice President are all wealthy. Mr. English, however, is the only millionaire among them.

Like orator Puff, chairman Cessna has *two tones to his voice*. When he speaks for the public he claims the state by about 60,000 majority, while in private conversation he considers Pennsylvania a doubtful state. The latter of course is his *candid* opinion.

George S. Eyer, Isaac Bruner, Jr., and W. R. Bierly are the Democratic nominees for legislature, in Lycoming county. Mr. Bierly is a native of Rebersburg and is well known in this neighborhood.

Gen. B. F. Butler takes the stump in Maine for Hancock. Let the whole radical party now yell "*spoons.*"

A NEW TREATMENT.

The Golden Elixir of Life. Wonderful Cures.

If you have Consumption, and would know that your cough can be made loose and easy—Hectic Fever and Night Sweats checked in 24 hours; Inflammation taken out of the lungs and air passages at once; that you can be made to gain 3 to 5 pounds of healthy flesh per week; if you have any Chronic Disease, Bronchitis, Asthma Catarrh Dyspepsia, Sick Hesdache, Heart Disease, Liver Complaint, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness or Spermatorhoea, loss of sexual power in either sex from any cause; if you have any form of nervous weakness, losing flesh or wasting away, and would know of an immediate relief and certain cure for many of the severest cases in a short time, a new method with new agents to fatten every body, invigorate and make strong and healthy the most hopeless cases, cut this out and write at once for particulars to B. S. DISPENSARY, Berrien Springs, Mich. yl

Among agents and families, the great demand now is for the new light running Combination Sewing Machine, because it has stood the test, and is better made, with more improvements, will last longer, and is much lower in price, (only $20.) than other machines, and having attained a merited popularity among the people for reliability, it is welcomed wherever it makes its appearance. It is built for strength and constant hard work, has interchangeable working parts, manufactured of fine polished steel, and will run for years without repairs; is simple to learn, easy to manage, understood perfectly in an hour, and always ready to do every description of heavy or fine family work at less cost, more easily, smoothly, and faster, and with less labor or trouble than any other machine *at any price*, ever did, or can do Tuckers, quilters, rufflers, hemmers binders, &c., free with each machine. No advance payments. Machines shipped to an R. R. station for examination before payment of bill. Agents make money rapidly, supplying the great demand for this the Cheapest Machine in the world. Territory free. For illustrated catalogue of prices, specimens of stitch, &c., address, office of the Combination Sewing Machine, 737 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

TRESPASS NOTICE.—All persons are hereby notified not to tresspass on the lands of the subscribers in Miles township, for the purpose of shooting squirrels or other game. The law will be enforced against all persons who disregard this notice.

EMANUEL HARTER,
WILLIAM GARY,
REUBEN HARTER,
C. O. LOSS,
DANIEL W. HARTER,
CHRISTINA SCHROYER,
JARED B. KREAMER,
HENRY W. KREAMER,

Miles twp., Sept. 2nd, 1880. 35-3t

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—The subscriber, assignee of John W. Scholl of Miles township, Centre county, Pa., will offer at public sale on the premises, on TUESDAY, SEPT. 28th, 1880, at one o'clock, P. M., the following described valuable real estate of the said John W. Scholl, viz:

A CERTAIN FARM,

situate in Miles township, aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: On the south by lands of Joseph K. Moyer and Daniel P. Rishel and H. W. Kreamer and John Kreamer; north by —— Hontz and others; east by Emanuel Harter and W. K. Forster, containing 166 acres, more or less. Thereon is erected a two-story frame dwelling house, large bank barn, and all other necessary outbuildings. A thrifty orchard is on the farm. A never-failing stream of water near the buildings. This farm is situate within five miles of the railroad and only three miles north of Millheim, along the turnpike leading from Millheim to Nittany Valley. Will be offered in one or two parts, to suit purchasers.

Terms: One-third of purchase money to be paid cash on day of sale, or by note with approved security, payable January 1st, 1881, and the balance in two equal annual payments.

ALSO—all the right, title and interest of the said John W. Scholl in that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land, situate in Miles township, aforesaid, bounded north by lands of Joel Morris and John Kreamer, east by Mrs. George Schwint, south by Gretz's heirs, and west by Mrs. George Weight, containing 80 acres, more or less. Thereon erected a two-story log frame house, barn and other outbuildings. Will be sold at the residence of John W. Scholl one mile east of Wolfe's store, Wednesday, the 29th day of September 1880, at 1 o'clock.

W. H. CORMAN,
Assignee.

SETTLEMENT NOTICE.—All persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of John Hubler, late of Haines township, deceased, or having claims against the same, are hereby requested to make settlement at the residence of the undersigned on or before Friday Sep. 10th next.

3t. CORNELIUS BOWER.

STRAYED OR LOST.—Four sheep and four lambs have strayed away from the residence of the subscriber, near Aaronsburg, since May 30th. Two sheep and one lamb are black. Any person finding these sheep is kindly requested to give information to me.

JACOB DUNKLE.

A VALUABLE HOME AT PRIVATE SALE!

The undersigned offers at private sale his Valuable Home, about one mile north west of Millheim, containing

SEVENTEEN ACRES OF LAND,

7 acres of which are cleared and under good cultivation, and the balance well timbered. The improvements are a good, new

TWO-STORY HOUSE, NEW BARN,

and all necessary outbuildings, all new and in best condition. It is one of the most convenient and desirable homes in Pennsvalley. For price and terms call on

tf H. C. FRANKENBERGER.

IRVIN HOUSE,
(Most Central Hotel in the City,)
COR. MAIN AND JAY ST.,
Lock Haven, Pa.,
S. WOODS CALDWELL, PROPRIETOR

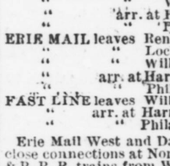
Good Sample Rooms for Commercial Traveler on first floor.

BENJ. F. GRAFTON, STORY B. LADD,
HALBERT E. PAINE.
Late Commissioner of Patents.

PATENTS.

PAINE, GRAFTON & LADD,
Attorneys-at Law and Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents.
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Practice patent law in all its branches in the Patent Office and in the Supreme and Circuit Courts of the United States. Pamphlet sent free n receipt of stamp for postage.



THE VICTOR
Double Huller
Clover Machine
Is the only kind that has ever hulled 100 bushels of seed in one day from dewy and wet straw. Send for Descriptive Circular and Price List, which contains many letters confirming this.
Hagerstown Agricultural Implement Mfg. Co.
State where you saw Advertisement. Hagerstown, Md.

PENSIONS! Every Soldier disabled in disease, or injury, is entitled to pension. Pensions date back to time of discharge or death of soldier. Claims of all description prosecuted. Copies of lost discharges obtained. Claims filed by attorneys who have since died, or from other causes have ceased to practice, finished without delay. Address, with stamp, H. S. BERLIN & CO., Attorneys, Washington, D. C.
P. O. Box, 592. 21-3m

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Div.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, May 30th, 1880, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

	WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 55	p. m.
"	" Harrisburg	4 25	a. m.
"	" Williamsport	8 35	a. m.
"	" Jersey Shore.	9 05	a. m.
"	" Lock Haven.	9 40	a. m.
"	" Renovo	11 00	a. m
	arr. at Erie	7 05	p. m.
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	9 00	a. m.
"	" Harrisburg	12 20	a. m.
"	arr. at Williamsport	3 15	p. m.
"	" Lock Haven.	4 20	p. m.
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 50	a. m.
"	" Harrisburg	3 35	p. m.
"	arr. at Williamsport	7 25	p. m.
"	Lock Haven	8 40	p. m.
	EASTWARD.		
PACIFIC EXP. leaves	Lock Haven..	6 45	a. m.
"	" Jersey Shore..	7 15	a. m.
"	" Williamsport.	7 55	a. m.
"	arr. at Harrisburg	11 40	a. m.
"	" Philadelphia.	3 15	p. m.
DAY EXPRESS leaves	Lock Haven..	11 10	a. m.
"	" Williamsport	12 20	p. m.
"	arr. at Harrisburg	3 40	p. m.
"	" Philadelphia	6 45	p. m.
ERIE MAIL leaves	Renovo	8 40	p. m.
"	" Lock Haven	9 50	p. m.
"	" Williamsport	11 10	p. m.
"	arr. at Harrisburg	2 45	a. m.
"	" Philadelphia	7 40	a. m.
FAST LINE leaves	Williamsport	12 35	a. m.
"	arr. at Harrisburg	3 50	a. m.
"	" Philadelphia	7 40	a. m.

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains from Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express West and Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, General Sup't.

L. C. & S. C. RAIL ROAD.

	WESTWARD.	1.	3.	5.
LEAVE		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Montandon		7 00	2 00	6 20
Lewisburg	Arrive	7 15	2 10	16 35
Lewisburg	Leave	7 15	2 20	
Fair Ground		7 20	2 30	
Biehl		7 30	2 40	
Vicksburg		7 35	2 48	
Mifflinburg	Arrive	7 50	3 05	
Mifflinburg	Leave	7 50	3 15	
Millmont		8 10	3 35	
Laurelton		8 20	3 50	
Coburn		9 30		
Arrive at Spring Mills		10 00		
	EASTWARD.	2.	4.	6.
LEAVE		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Spring Mills			10 20	
Coburn			10 45	
Laurelton			11 55	4 05
Millmont			12 05	4 20
Mifflinburg	Arrive		12 30	4 40
Mifflinburg	Leave		12 30	4 50
Vicksburg			12 45	5 05
Biehl			12 52	5 13
Fair Ground			1 02	5 23
Lewisburg	Arrive		1 10	5 30
Lewisburg	Leave	6 35	1 20	5 45
Arr. at Montandon		6 50	1 30	6 00

Nos. 1 & 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail west on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road.

Nos. 3 & 4 with Day Express east and Niagara Express west.

Nos. 5 & 6 with Fast Line west.

An Omnibus will run between Lewisburg and Montandon, to convey passengers to and from Pacific Express east on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad.

The regular Railroad Tickets will be honored between these two points.





They are especially designed to meet the requirements of those who desire to dress well. They are unsurpassed in Style, perfect in Fit, and so simple that they are readily understood by the most inexperienced. Send 5c. for catalogue. Address,

"Domestic" Fashion Co.,
NEW YORK.

A NEW OFFER.

Almost Given Away, an Eight-Page Paper for Less than Cost of Paper, Ink and Postage.

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IS FOR

HANCOCK AND ENGLISH

FIRST, LAST, AND ALL THE TIME,

AND WILL BE SENT,

Postage paid, from now until January 1, 1881,

Weekly - - - - - - for 25 Cents
Semi-Weekly - - - - for 50 Cents
Daily (including Sunday) - for $2.50

Or until after the Inauguration for double the above prices.

Democrats, send for it and read what is being done all over the country by Democrats to insure a glorious victory this fall. Send it to your Republican neighbors, and convert them to Democracy.

HELP ON THE GOOD CAUSE!

Address THE WORLD, 35 Park Row, New York.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH.

$20 AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.

Not to be paid for until Machines are received and examined.
Don't Take Them If Not Better Than Any You Ever Had.

THE NEW LIGHT RUNNING
COMBINATION
SEWING MACHINE.

$20 AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.

The Lowest-Priced First-Class New Sewing Machine Ever Manufactured.
A COMBINATION OF ALL THE BEST PRINCIPLES OF A SEWING MACHINE.
NONE BETTER MADE BY ANY COMPANY AT ANY PRICE.
A Machine you can depend upon every day you use it.
A Faithful and Reliable Family Sewing Machine in every sense of the word.

PRICE ONLY $20.00.

perfect in every feature, complete in all its details, and without the faults of many other machines. So strong and durable it will stand the roughest usage and continuous wear without becoming out of order or requiring any repairs, and will last until the next century begins. Is sensibly made upon sound principles and so simple and easy, it is a pleasure to run it. Easy to learn, easy to manage, and

ALWAYS READY TO DO ITS WORK!!!

All the working parts are manufactured from the best steel, and are interchangeable; if one part gives out or breaks, from any cause, another can be inserted without cost or delay. Workmanship as fine as the best skilled labor can produce. We build no inferior goods. Every machine shipped from factory in perfect condition, and thoroughly warranted for five years. A complete set of new attachments—ten pieces—Hemmers, Binders, Tuckers, Quilters, Rufflers, &c., for all kinds of work, given free with each machine. Extra large shuttle, with bobbins that hold an ordinary spool of thread. The Most Solid, Reliable and Satisfactory Machine ever invented for ALL KINDS OF FAMILY WORK, from finest *Cambric* to *Leather*, with all kind of thread. It does more work at less cost and labor than any other, and is the CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD. This Machine, so Simple, Powerful, and Perfect and Mechanism, is the Most Economical and Durable, and the EASIEST MACHINE IN THE MARKET TO SELL—its merits recommend it at once. Machines shipped to any point for examination before payment.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN. $20

Territory will be granted, *free*, to good agents, in localities not already occupied. Descriptive Books, with engravings of each style, prices, and specimens of stitching mailed on application to the office of the

COMBINATION SEWING MACHINE,
737 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN. $20

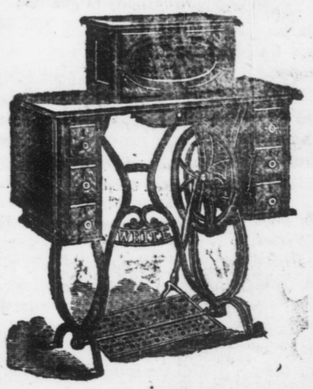
ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH. ECONOMY IS WEALTH.



UNPARALLELED SUCCESS

OF THE

White Sewing Machine



IN THE THIRD YEAR OF ITS EXISTENCE, ITS SALES AMOUNT TO

54,853 Machines.

NO OTHER MACHINE EVER HAD SUCH

A RECORD OF POPULARITY.

It is the Lightest-Running, Easiest Selling, and Best Satisfying Machine IN THE WORLD.

Agents wanted. For terms, address White Sewing Machine Co., CLEVELAND, O.

PATENTS

and how to obtain them. Pamphlet free, upon receipt of Stamp for postage. Address—

GILMORE, SMITH & CO.
Solicitors of Patents,
Near Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

UNDERTAKING.

The subscribers would respectfully inform the citizens of this neighborhood that they have engaged in the undertaking business. They are prepared to fill all calls in this line at any time and would kindly solicit a share of patronage. A Full Line of



CASKETS

always on hand, which we are also ready to furnish to other undertakers at reasonable prices.

SHOP ON PENN STREET, MILLHEIM, PA.

LOSE, HARTER & CO.

FREE Outfit to agents of 3 doz. fast selling articles, sent to every person answering this adv., and enclosing 4 3-ct. stamps to pay postage and packing. This is honest. We refer the public to Postmaster, or any business house in this place.

American Manuf'g Co.,
25-3 mi 725 Sansom St., Philadelphia

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 2., 1880.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Local Department.

Announcement.

ASSEMBLY.

We are authorized to announce that B. F. HUNTER, of Benner township, is a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce that CHESTER MUNSON, Esq., of Phillipsburg, will be a candidate for the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce that WM. M. MURRAY of Harris township, is a candidate for Legislature, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce that J. P. Gephart, of Bellefonte, is a candidate for Legislature, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce that P. S. FISHER of Zion, is a candidate for Legislature, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

—W. R. WEISER's cellar was entered on Monday night and a lot of eatables stolen.

—The Pine Creek Union Sunday School will hold its annual picnic on Saturday, Sept. 11th.

—For good and cheapclothing go to Lewin's Philadelphia Branch Store Bellefonte, Pa. tf.

—Mr. Cornelius Bower gives notice that he will settle the accounts of John Hubbler deceased.

—Samuel Weiser, Jr., left us on Monday morning for Milton, where he has a job of work at his trade for a while.

—The sale notes of the estate of Jonathan Philips, deceased, are now due, of which all concerned will please take notice. tf

—The heirs of John Hubler, late of Haines township, deceased, will have sale of the personal property of deceedents, Saturday Sept. 11th.

—Our school board has employed the following teachers for the coming term: Grammar Department—D. L. Zerby; Primary—Miss Kate Shriner; North Street—W. H. B. Eisenhuth.

—Our young friend W. H. B. Eisenhuth left us last week for Eldred McKean Co. Pa., where he takes position in a drug store. Willis has ourbest wishes.

—The books and accounts of J. W Stam are left in my hands for settlement and collection of which all concerned will please take notice.
3t T. R. STAM.

—A Sunbury paper says that Mr. Jacob Kreamer, of Watsontown, has a mammoth hog that weighs 1000. Now if that isn't a whopper—hog we mean—then we give it up.

—*Harris, of the Standard Store, a Lewisburg, is now closing out his stock at greatly reduced prices preparatory to purchasing early fall goods. For bargains go to Haris.*

PUBLIC SALES.—Sept. 11th, farm o 106 acres near Rebersburg, by S. Gramly and A. Smull, Executors of the estate of Henry Smull, deceased.

August 27th, 11 acres of land in Poe Valley, by J. H. Reifsnyder, administrator of Jaco Immel's estate.

—Our town council at a special meeting on Monday evening appointed Mr. John H. Auman High Constable, vice Samuel Otto, resigned. Guess that means thatswine are to keep close quarters, else Johny will be after them with a sharp stick.

—Some of Sunbury's young men amuse themselves by insulting ladies with indecent language and spitting tobacco juice on their dresses, on the streets. The proper treatment for such curs would be about fifty lashes on the bare back.

—Charley Frankenberger offers his home, near town, at private sale. Any person desiring a property of this siz would do well to look at this one for there is not a more complete property in this neighborhood.

The buildings are all new and very complete. Good water in abundance all the year round and choice fruit of very kind. tf.

—Among our callers during the past week were Mr. Samuel J. Weiser, Capt. Fichthorn, and Geo. W. Foote, of Mifflinburg, John F. Duncan, Esq., of Lewisburg, "Carl Schreiber" of Rebersburg, Dr. J. B. Leitzell, of Spring Mills, and sundry other good clever fellows too numerous to mention.

—The board of directors of the Millheim Cemetery Association had a meeting on Saturday evening at which it was concluded to build a new fence along the front of the cemetery and repair the other fences. It is also contemplated to have a general cleaning up this fall yet. A vote was also passed taxing each lot one dollar and each half lot fifty cents.

OUR SICK.—Mr. Lamy is getting along slowly. The healing of his limb is necessarily a slow operation. Mr. J. W. Snook has been ailing for some time but is able to be about. Mrs. Hannah Otto had a stroke of paralysis the other day. Mr. R. B. Hartman was stricken down last Friday and has been confined to his bed ever since. Mr. Freeman D. Luse is also on the sick list but his ailment is not considered serious.

—The Lock Haven furniture factory is in operation.

—A new axe factory will soon be started in Lock Haven. Why not start one in Millheim?

—Some weather prophet says that September will be very hot. Time will tell.

—Some of our farmers have commenced seeding. The ground is in excellent condition for the work.

—An aged couple named Scheifly in Berks county have been married 72 years. What a long time.

—A new United Brethren church at Buffalo Run, in Patton township, will be dedicated Sunday Sept. 12th, 1880.

—The Jacob Immel property in Poe Valley was sold by the administrator, J. H. Reifsnyder, last Friday to Conrad Auman, jr., for $501.

—A number of our Brush Valley friends give notice that they want squirrel shooting stopped in their woods. Read and heed the "*Notice.*"

—In Johnstown, Burgess Strayer fined eight young men $5 each for loafing in the front of the Evangelical church.

—A grand Sunday School picnic is to come off at Booneville, Saturday Sept. 11th. All the schools in Sugar Valley are expected to be present.

—Jacob Gephart has built a neat and substantial picket fence along his orchard and barn yard. Looks well and is a substantial improvement.

—Mr Cyrus B. Stover, who left Aaronsburg for Kansas last spring, is here again. We learn that he came east on business and expects to return to Kansas.

—Miss Puella E. Dornblaser, of Nittany Valley, a lady of much culture and refinement, recently delivered a lecture at Driftwood, Cameron county, of which the Clinton *Democrat* speaks in highly complimentary terms.

QUEER NAME.—The "Poor People's Church" on the road crossing the mountain from New Berlin to Lewisburg, is advertised to be dedicated Sunday Sept. 19th next. It belongs to the Evangelical Association, but why such a queer name? Was it built entirely by the poor or for the exclusive use of the poor?

For the Journal.

MY FAITH.

To-day my friend withholds his hand
And passes with averted eyes;
He thinks my theories but lies,
My stronger faith a rope of sand.
But sometime he will understand
Eternal truths he now denies.
Or, taught by time, will sympathize
With those not bound by his own band.

To-day I am annoyed by "sin."
The peace-destroyer of the soul,
The foe that slips the fine control
Of holy nets that people spin;
Yet well I know that what has been
And what may yet be evil's role
Is necessary to the whole—
The perfect Whole that shall be seen.

CARL SCHREIBER.

ENDLICH DOCH.—Our band boys are having their fine, new wagon painted at last. Dutch Bill is to do it. Now boys, you know we have always been your friend through thick and thin, so just "lend me your ears"—some of you have mighty big ears—and let us give you a word of advice. Get the job done well and when done just send a committee to Uncle Sammy Tilden tell him you are all good Hancock men and that you will *all vote* for the "Superb" general, and our word for it President Tilden will open a fresh barrel and let you take a good grab to pay your wagon and other incidentals besides. Just try it.

BOY INSTANTLY KILLED.—We learn that last Thursday a nine year old son of Mr. Zachariah Galer, of Cherry Run, Hartley twp., this county was instantly killed under the following circumstances. A team belonging to Wm. E. Smith & Co. was hauling bark. In going down a small hill the lock was put on the wagon. At this time the boy attempted to get on the wagon, when the lock being taken off at the foot of the hill gave the wagon fresh impetus, which caused the boy to lose his hold and fall under the wagon. The wheel ran over his head, smashing it and killing him instantly. The boy was an unusually bright lad, and the loss is a heavy blow to the parents.—*Lewisburg Journal.*

THE HARVEST HOME PICNIC.—At Spring Mills last Thursday was a "grand succecs" as far as numbers are concerned, but the several committees, both local and general, have very justly subjected themselves to the severest censure for having chosen such an extremely disagreeable day. They could not have done much worse in this particular, as it rained nearly all forenoon and drizzled nearly all afternoon. The state of the weather entirely forbade all enjoyment in the woods, excepting that the dancers had a "good time of it," all the rain to the contrary notwithstanding. Neither did those who habitually *practice at the bar* allow the state of the weather to interfere with their *exercises* in the least. Many of this latter class were in excellent *spirits* throughout. The more staid and steady part of the big excursion remained in the cars and ate their refreshments in true philosophic humor.

The excursion train from Lewisburg consisted of thirty-two cars in three sections, and all these were well filled, carrying nearly 1800 people. The local turn out was also very good under the circumstances, especially in the afternoon. The committees and citizens of Spring Mills did all in their power to make their visitors from Union county as comfortable as any body can reasonably hope to be on a railroad train on such a rainy day.

The railroad officials accompanied the excursion and were well pleased with the trip.

—Harvey Confer's house is approaching completion.

—The *Lewisburg Chronicle* of last week gives "A True Fish Story" which puts our faith to its utmost tension; but we *will* believe it, brother C. just as a special favor to you. The story is given by a correspondent to the effect that recently a Mr. Mertz caught 107 fish in three hours in the following novel manner. He merely rowed his boat to and fro, on the river some two miles below Lewisburg and the fish jumped into it of their own free will and accord.

BELLEFONTE ITEMS.

First week of Court opened on Monday 23rd, Judge J. H. Orvis, presiding, with Associates Frank and Diven on the bench. To use a slang phraze, it was the slimest session held for many years. The Grand Jury did all the work and were engaged for about two days. The Travers Jurors were slighted entirely not one being impannelled. Several true bills were found by the Grand Jury mostly on the indictments of fornication and bastardy but upon the defendants pleading guilty, the usual sentence was given and thus terminated the cases. The 2nd week commenced on Monday 30th but we could give you none of the proceedings in time for publication.

A small child of Geo. Hockenberry was severely scalded by having the contents of a boiler of hot black-berry jam emptied over its face breast and arms. The child unnoticed by its mother who was bussied with house work crawled upon a chair and thus succeeded in reaching and upsetting the boiler.

Mr. John Anderson, the saloon keeper was injured internally by being vieed between a nine-hundred-pound safe and some other object.

Both political parties have been "whooping" it up lively. On Tuesday 24th. the Democrats had a grand rally, followed by a similar meeting the Republicans on Wednesday and second rally on Thursday followed by another rally by the Democrats on Sat. night. We are in hopes now that they will give us a rest. This constant agitation has engendered some bitter political feeling, heightened as always by individual dislikes and as a result we have had several unpleasant personal encounters. Nor do these petty difficulties end here, they invariably leave their scars which can never be effaced.

The Reformed congregation in this town have broken ground for the erection of a new church. The proposed edifice will be made somewhat after the model of the Episcopal; it will be built of white sandstone and have a seating capacity of 250 persons.

On Friday and Sat. nights last the ladies had a festival the proceeds of which are to be devoted to furnishing the auditorium.

The Millheim Band in its visit to our town left a very flattering impression upon the natives. Its serenades of the *distingue*—were worthy of the recipients; and should in the future your band come amongst us its presence will be hailed as the promise of a rare musical treat.

Chairman John I. Rankin of the Rep. Co. Com. had a lot of fireworks in his office over the Post office which he intended to set off on Wed. night. But about 7 o'clock of the same night uninvited the whole lot exploded, destroying some valuable papers and considerably damaging his office. B.

GAME LAWS.

The following list of the Game Laws of Pennsylvania is printed for our sportsmen so they may paste it in their hats:

Woodcock, July 4th to January 1st.
Plover, July 15th to January 1st.
Rail Bird, Septemper 1st to Dec. 1st.
Reed Bird, September 1st to December 1st.
Squirrel, September 1st to January 1st.
Wild Fowl, September 1st to May 15th.
Ruffed Grouse, October 1st to Jan. 1st.
Pinnated Grouse, October 1st to Jan. 1st.
Quail, October 15th to January 1st.
Rabbit, October 15th to January 1st.
Wild Turkey, October 15th to Jan. 1st.
Deer, October 1st to January 1st.

News Miscellany.

A Lunatic Kept Chained for Twenty-Seven Years by His Brother in Berks County—Particulars of the Horrible Case.

READING, August 23.—A great sensation has been caused throughout Berks county by the discovery of Benjamin Sechler, a lunatic, who has been confined in a house in Albany township by his brother, Jacob Sechler, for twenty-seven years. The insane man was kept by Jacob Sechler, a highly respected citizen of Albany township, in a small house purposely constructed for him. It has a low basement for heating purposes, the heat ascending to the room above through the crevices of the floor no doubt a very insufficient as well as dangerous and troublesome means of heating. The room proper, or the apartment assigned to the lunatic, is about eight feet square, boarded on the inside with a board ceiling about eight feet high. The only means of ventilation is one small window containing four 8x10 inch panes. The room presented anything but a proper place for the existence of a human being. The walls were decorated with cobwebs and filth, the floor strewn with straw and manure, and the door which is opposite the window and minus a small air hole was bolted on the outside with a heavy stick of wood. Near the centre of the room was a chain about three feet long, one end of which was fastened to the floor and the other end to one of the legs of the nude maniac. In this state he had been kept for twenty-seven years, during which time he was neither washed, combed or shaved. His beard reached to a little above the waist and his hair was one thick, bushy mass, which had not been combed for all these years. The lunatic had for his bed only a bundle of straw. Twenty-seven years ago he entered a hale, vigorous and hearty young man, and he emerged fifty-five years old. He was entirely nude for the greater part of all this time. Life Herqules he was celebrated for his wonderful strength and on that account no one ventured to come in contact with him.

The lunatic was brought to Reading clad in a woman's petticoat and a jacket. The maniac is now occupying apartments in the insane hospital at the county almshouse, and has already undergone a thorough washing, cropping of hair, &c. His disposition too is already milder, and it is believed that his proneness to anger will be diminished. The chain by which he was fastened all these years was so, rosted that it was impossible to screw it off, and consequently a link had to be broken.

The lunatic's father was once a prosperous farmer of Berks county, owning a farm for which he was offered at one time $5,000. He afterwards sold it to a man for $2500, on condition that the purchaser would keep his insane son. If the latter became well before he was forty years old he was to receive $500 more, or if he died before that time $450 was to have been paid to the heirs, When the old man died there was a great deal of personal property left, and the court appointed a trustee in the interest of the insane son. Complaint was made that he was not properly treated, and he was therefore ordered to be removed. It is said that he became insane by reason of exposing himself to the sudden reaction of cold water over a heated body. He is a stone mason by trade. One day he worked in the harvest field, and in the evening took a bath in cold spring water. The case is to be investigated by the authorities.

A WATER FAMINE.

The City of Reading Destitute of Water.

READING, Pa., August 25.—This city of 43,000 inhabitants is to-day almost entirely destitute of water. There is not a drop flowing from any hydrant east of Seventh street.

The railroad shops and several manufacturing establishments have been compelled to stop work in consequence, and the citizens are going about with buckets and pails getting water from the springs and pumps for domestic use.

The distributing reservoir is entirely empty, and the scant supply (12 feet) in the storage reservoir is being reserved for use in case of fire.

Preparing for Storms on the Jersey Coast.

LONG BRANCH, August 23.—Orders have been received from the general Superintendent of the life saving stations to have all stations on the Jersey coast in readiness for active service on the 1st proximo. This arrangement of stations for duty fifteen days in advance of last season is supposed to be due to a communication from the meteorological bureau intimating that heavy storms may be expected very much earlier in the season than usual.

THE STORM IN THE WEST.

It Will Greatly Benefit the Corn Crop.

CHICAGO, August, 25.—The storm of last night appears from telegraphic advices to have extended over a large aera of country and its effect on the corn crop will doubtless be most favorable as the stalks were drying up very fast in some localities. At this time there is every indication of further and general rains.

DIED.

On the 29th inst., in Haines township, Henry H. son of Adam Bower, aged 15 years and 27 days.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday by Gephart & Musser.

Wheat No. 1	90
Wheat No. 2	85
Corn	40
Rye	60
Oats White	33
Oats, Black	30
Buckwheat	50
Flour	5.50
Bran & Shorts, per ton	20.00
Salt, per Brl	2.00
Plaster, ground	10.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	50
Timothyseed	
Flaxseed	2.00
Cloverseed	5.00
Butter	15
Hams	10
Sides	7
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	12
Potatoes	
Lard	6
Tallow	
Soap	5
Dried Apples	
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET.

Egg Coal	$5.60
Stove "	5.75
Chestnut "	5.50
Pea "	3.80

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IN CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA IS THE GREAT

BEE HIVE



BEE HIVE!

Store of Lock Haven.

Which is now Opening the Third Stock for the Spring of 1880

which is simply Immense in all its Departments,

30,000 Yards Bleached and Unbleached Muslins,

CALICOS AND SHIRTINGS

A large stock of 10-4, 9-4, 6-4, 5-4 UTICA BLEACHED and UNBLEACHED SHEETINGS and PILLOW CASINGS

3000 Yards Good Calico, Fast Colors. Beautiful Styles, 6 Cents a Yard.

The Largest Stock of TABLE LINENS ever shown in this City at old prices. 500 TOWELS at 25 Cents, worth 40 Cents. 35 dozen 3-4 Bleached all LINEN NAPKINS at $2.65, worth $3.40. 18 inch TWILLED HEAVY TOWELLING, 18

1000 Yards of Summer Pantings,

Bought early in January, since which time they have advanced 20 per cent., but will be sold at old prices of a year ago.

2,000 Yards All-Wool Cassimeres,

FANCY CHEVIOT SUITINGS,

French Diagonals and Shirtings, 1,000 Yards Black all wool Cashmeres.

Cheaper than ever. 2000 yards Beautiful Spring Cashmeres at 15 cents, worth 20. French Momie Cloths, Full Line of French all Wool Buntings in Plain and Lace Goods. Silk Grenadines, French Organdie and Linen Lawns, nice patterns.

500 YARDS BEAUTIFUL SUMMER SILKS

At 50, 55 and 60 cents a yard. The Largest, Handsomest, Cheapest lot of Plain and Brocade, Black and Colored Silks ever shown. Large lot of Ladies' Coats at Half Price. The handsomest Stock of

BRUSSELS AND INGRAIN CARPETS

In this section of the State. Large lot of Window Shading and Fixtures. 1,500 lbs. Cotton and Wool Carpet Chain.

CITIZENS of Penns and Brush Valleys should avail themselves of the advantages we are now offering, by buying their goods early at the BEE HIVE. Thanking my Patrons for their liberal patronage in 1878, we hope by continuing to keep only first-class goods, with a full assortment of all the Novelties of the Season; by representing goods on MERIT ONLY, and selling at LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES to *merit even a much larger share of the patronage in* 1880, as we have decided advantages over every competitor on account of the immense quantities we buy. SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to Large Buyers and trade from a distance. ORDERS BY MAIL WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION. REMEMBER THE PLACE.

The Great Bee Hive Dry Goods House,

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J. J. EVERETT, Proprietor.

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COAL, PLASTER & SALT

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The Elementary and Scientific courses are Professional, and students graduating therein receive Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding degrees: Master of the Elements, and Master of the Sciences. Graduates in the other courses receive Normal certificates of their attainments, signed by the Faculty.

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The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this school to help to secure it by furnishing intelligent and efficient teachers for her schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving school.

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AGRICULTURE.

HINTS ON HORSE KEEPING. The wide stall is a luxury, and ought to be six or even ten feet wide, if the room can be spared. Loose boxes are important for horses of great value; in such stalls they can get perfect repose by changing their position, recover from the fatique of a hard day's drive and then be ready for their task the next day. The food best adapted to the horse is oats and hav of the best quality, occasionally varied with a bran mash, with turnips or carrots as an alterative. The growth and development of bone and muscle depends greatly on the food they eat. It is important to select such as contains all the elements needed to form the bone and muscle of the horse. It is self evident that the nutritive matter supplied by the food must be equal to the exhaustion or natural waste of the body to keep up condition. The horse that is about to be driven on a journey needs hardening by exercise—preparing by sweating out the body to purify and increase the circulation of the blood, and also by hand rubbing the legs to make them firm and elastic—a preparation in some degree corresponding with that attained by a horse that is daily driven on the road for ordinary work. For one week from the start they need daily exercise, commencing with eight or ten miles, and gradually increasing to twenty per day. This exercise, with appropiate food, will harden their muscles, strengthen their limbs, and prepare them to performed their tasks without giving out on the road, materially declining in flesh, or seriously exhausting their physical powers. If we perform long drives with horses accustomed to short work only, the sudden transition from indolence to great exertion will relax their muscles, weaken their joints, depress their spirits, and break down their constitution. They are not prepared for such severe exertions. Condition will prepare them to do their work cheerfully last their lives out with sound limbs, and preserve their constitutional vigor.

HERE are a couple of hints that may be serviceable in the management of the calla lily and oleander. The first relate to the calla lily, which, bought at a greenhouse, soon began to droop and turn yellow. I procured a three gallon glazed crock, filled it two-thirds full of rich earth, and then put in the plant and filled nearly to the brim with water, which I have kept at about that level ever since, adding now and then a few drops of ammonia. To day, my calla stands four feet high, with four broad, dark green leaves; a stalk in the water line is as large as my wrist, and two flower stems are appearing." The second describes a better way with the oleander than the usual one of allowing it to grow without training, in the desire to procure blossoms at the earliest possible moment: "In starting from a cutting, my practice is to pinch off the shoots above the second or third joint, or more if desired, and the reward for such practice is double, and sometimes treble, the number of shoots which may again be pinched, thus producing a compact, bushy head. This is in itself an ornament; besides, the plant is vigorous and able to support a large number of clusters of flowers."

TO MAKE new hair grow, use CARBOLINE, a deodorized extract of petroleum. This natural petroleum hair-renewer, as recently improved, is the only thing that will really produce new hair. It is a delightful dressing.

HEAVES IN HORSES.—Heaves is caused by over-feeding on clover, hay or straw and sometimes by other bulky and innutritious foods. The expansion of the stomach presses upon and interferes with the action of the lungs. Dusty hay, smutty straw and other impure bulky substances may give trouble sometimes by irritating the air passages and cause heaves. Often it is constitutional, being inherited, with narrow chests and lungs incapable of performing their true service during violent exertion. It is doubtful if it can be entirely cured, but relief may be possible. Feed moistened cut feed, meal mixed with it, or steeped oats. A horse with the heaves should be fed and watered at least two hours before going out to work. The trouble is liable to return at any time, and no certainty of relief from it need be entertained by the owner. It is quite a care, when once a horse seems to be rid of it, to keep him so. It is not common with horses that have the best attention given to the preparation of their food.

KILL YOUR SHEEP YOUNG.—There are few animals kept on the farm which when they are in their prime, pay as well as sheep, and there are few, if any others, upon whom old age has such a damaging effect. As the sheep is much shorter lived than any other of our domestic animals, it is not strange that many farmers attempt to keep them too long. At ten years of age the horse is just in his prime, and the cow is as good as ever, with the prospect of remaining so several years longer. But the sheep is very old when it reaches the age of ten, the natural limit of the term of life. After reaching this age sheep are very likely to be injured by the slight exposures which do younger animals no harm. They are more liable to be attacked by disease, and if they live they will be likely to produce less woool and smaller lambs than they have done previously. We do not think it pays, except perhaps in special instances, to keep sheep after they are six years old.

EGYPTIAN CORN—Is attracting considerable attention in California. The yield is enormous; it acquires little care and makes excellent food for man and beast. It is not produced in ears at all, but in a much more condensed form. It does not grow as tall, but branches more than Indian corn, and each branch is tufted with a large head containing thousands of seeds. The climate of portions of California is similar to that of Egypt, and it is thought this grain will prove to be a very valuable product. One grower in that State claims to have harvested a crop averaging eighty bushels to the acre. The grain resembles hulled barley, for which it is easily mistaken. There are two varieties, white and brown, differing in color and flavor. The white has as fine as flavor as rice, while the brown has an acrid taste while green, and till is perfectly dry, that makes it undesirable as an article of food.

Honored and Blest.

When a board of eminent physicians and chemists announced the discovery that by combining some well known valuable remedies, the most wonderful medicine was produced, which would cure such a wide range of disease that most all other remedies could be dispensed with, many were skeptical; but proof of its merits by actual trial has dispelled all doubt, and to day the discoverers of that *great medicine*, Hop Bitters, are honored and blessed by all as benefactors.—*Democrat.*

DOMESTIC.

MOTHS AND CARPET BEETLE.—These insects have a great repugnance to tallow, and may be kept from woollens and furs for and indefinite period by its use. The wife of one of our American ministers who resided abroad for many years told us that she preserved her fine carpets left in this country entirely from the ravages of moths by wrapping up with them tallow candles. When the carpet beetle has commenced his work the carpet should be taken up, sprinkled thoroughly with benzine and the floor painted over with melted tallow, taking care to fill up all the crevices in the floor, as in these the larvæ secrete themselves. The carpet lining will prevent any tallow getting upon the carpet. The Builder and Wood Worker gives an account of the manner in which a set of furniture that seemed to be alive with the larvæ of the moths was made good again. It was set into a room by itself and the upholstery saturated through and through with benzine, applied by means of a watering pot with a fine rose sprinkler. Three gallons at thirty cents a gallon were required. This killed every moth, larvæ and egg. The benzine dried out in a few hours and its entire odor disappeared in three or four days. Not the slightest harm happened to the varnish, or fabric or wood or hair stuffing. Moths passed and not a sign of a moth was seen. The carpets were sprinkled all around the sides of the room with equally good effect. When woolens or furs are infested with moths, if they are put in a box and sprinkled with benzine, and the box closed tightly, the moths will be destroyed. Those who can procure barrels from which alcohol has just been emptied will find them good to store woollens in. The atmosphere of such a barrel when closed tightly suffocates the pests. A garment that is sealed up in fine brown paper is safe from the moths, but it must be entirely free from them before being sealed up.

A fool once more.

"For ten years my wife was confined to her bed with such a complication of ailments that no doctor could tell what was the matter or cure her, and I used up a small fortune in humbug stuff. Six months ago I saw a U. S. flag with Hop Bitters on it, and I thought I would be a fool once more. I tried it, but my folly proved to be wisdom. Two bottles cured her, she is now as well and strong as any man's wife, and it cost me only two dollars. Such folly pays."—H. W., Detroit, Mich.—*Free Press.*

JOINT FOR BREAKFAST, LUNCHEON OR PICNIC.—Six or eight pounds flank of beef very fresh, cut out the bone, lay it in a shallow earthen-ware pan, and rub well in the following mixture; four tablespoonfuls of salt, two of brown sugar, one tablespoonful each of powdered cloves, mace and ginger. Turn the meat every day for a week, and rub in the liquor found in the pan (take care to cover from the flies attracted by the sugar in the mixture,) soak in cold water for twelve hours. The best plan is to put the meat into a deep saucepan full of water, cover with the lid, and let it stand all night, then dry it in a cloth, roll it tightly, put one iron skewer through, and well bind it round and over into a good shape. Steam until done, take it out and lay it on a board, put a plate turned over on the top with a heavy weight upon it, and when quite cold the binding may be taken off.

SALADE DE FRUITS.—This French dessert is simple and good. Take equal parts of straw-berries or raspberries, red and white currants, and very ripe cherries, and remove all the stalks and the stones from the cherries. Sprinkle a generous quantity of powdered lump sugar over the fruit—it will be hard to get it too sweet—and a wineglass of the best pale French brandy or more, according to the quantity of fruit, toss lightly until the sugar is all dissolved, and serve.

SCORCHED LINEN.—Peel and slice two onions, extract the juice by pounding and squeezing; cut up half an ounce of fine white soap, and add to the juice; two ounces of fuller's earth and half a pint of vinegar. Boil all together. When cool spread over the scorched linen, and let it dry on; then wash and boil out the linen, and the spots will disappear, unless burned so badly as to break the threads.

THOUSANDS upon thousands of children die annually of those diseases incident to early childhood; whereas, if Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup were used in time, their lives would in all probability be saved.

YEAST FROM PEAS.—To one large teacupful of split bruised peas put one pint of boiling water; cover it closely so as wholly to exclude the air, and set it in a cool oven or by the side of the fire for 24 hours, when it should have a fine froth on the top; a tablespoonful of the water is the proportion (in a warm climate) to one pound of flour; yeast thus prepared is very generally used in Persia, and the writer has employed it in India for three years with perfect success.

TAKE a barrel and slack a bushel of fresh lime in it, by cove ing the lime with boiling water. After it is slacked add cold water enough to bring it to the consistency of good whitewash, then dissolve in water and add one pound of white vitriol (sulphate of zinc) and one quart of fine salt. This makes whitewash that will stick as well as paint. It owes its durability chiefly to the vitriol, which hardens and fixes the wash.

False Reasoning.

Suppose a machine should fail to perform its work, and the owner, instead of trying to ascertain the cause of failure and remedy it, should conclude to run right along, and argue that as the machine had heretofore come around all right it would soon be so again. If a general and permanent break-down ensued could anybody be blamed but himself? Now, precisely this way do people act and argue when the "human machine" is out of order. When the liver is "torpid" and bowels constipated every one knows that Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets afford prompt and permanent relief. Yet some *guess* the "machine" will come around all right, and do nothing. Could any system of false reasoning be more pernicious? Suppose the blood be out of order and there be pimples, ulcers, or running sores with scrofulous tumors, swellings and general debility, and those thus affected should refuse to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, *guessing* that the blood would purity itself, could any body be blamed but themselves, if a general and permanent break-down of health ensued? No remedy yet known equals the Discovery in curing all scrofulous, throat, bronchial and lung diseases. Sold by druggists.

HUMOROUS.

GREAT-GRANDPAPA: "Oh, indeed! you can lick your sisters at lawn-tennis, can you? Well done, my boy! but beware of self-conceit, and never brag. Why, I could lick everybody at lawn-tennis when I was your age—or could have done if there'd been any lawn-tennis to play! I was the best cricketer, the best fencer, the best boxer, runner, jumper, swimmer and diver I ever came across, either at school, or college, or after; and in classics and mathematics I beat 'em all clean out of the field! As for riding, no one ever touched me, or dancing either; let alone that I was the handsomest man in the county, and the best dressed, for that matter; besides being the wittiest and the most popular. Ay, and such a song as I could sing, too! And yet a more modest and unassuming demeanor than mine it's never been my good fortune to set eyes on, man or boy, these fourscore years and ten—for I am all that, my boy, and more, though you'd never believe it to look at me! Beware of self-conceit, my boy, and never, never brag!"

WE know of many cases where women have had their home duties greatly lightened by use of Dobbins' Electric Soap, (made by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia). We advise you to try it and satisfy yourself of its merit.

HARVARD man wants to know how to tell if strawberry shortcake is made in regular style. If, after eating it, you go to bed and dream that you are pursued by a three-headed dog, which can climb trees, and wake up to find yourself feeling as though a threshing machine was at work inside of you, it is strong evidence that the cake was of the regulation sort.

ONE of the lady teachers in a Reno public school, a few days since, was laboring with an urchin on the science of simple divison. This is what came of it: "Now, Johnny, if you had an orange which you wished to divide with your little sister, how much would you give her?" Johnny: "A suck."

LITTLE four-year old Ned discovered why mice are created with tails. He was permitted to buy one that had been killed in the house. He returned in a few minutes with, "Well, papa, I buried mousie, and I left his tail stuck out so you can tell where his grave is."

A NEW YORK engraver recently made this mistake: "Mr. and Mrs. ——respectfully request your presents at a marriage of their daughter.

A GENTLEMAN being asked whether he was seriously injured when a steam boiler exploded, is said to have replied that he was so used to being blown up by his wife that mere steam had no effect on him.

Two gentlemen were lately examining a portion of a plough in a market-place. "I'll bet a guinea," said one, "you do not know what this is for?" "Done," said the other; "it is for sale." The bet was won, and the wager paid.

A GOOD many musicians are to be married this summer, for we learn from the watering place gossip that all the prominent military bands have been engaged.

IF the President of the United States felt in proportion to his place, as big as a policeman in his new uniform, he'd grow round-shouldered trying to dodge the clouds.

SLEEPLESS nights and cheerless days will be prevented if you use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup to induce sleep and composure for the baby. Price 25 cents.

A CELT who was induced, after much persuasion to try some canned meat, brought it back, showing the marks of his teeth on the tin, and indignantly denying that it was good to eat.

"How sweet the moonlight sleeps upon this bank," as the burglar remarked to his pal, while they gazed at the institution they intended to rob the first dark night.

"IF I have ever used any unkind words, Hannah," said Mr. Smily reflectively, "I take them all back." "Yes, I suppose you want to use them over again," was the not very soothing reply.

NIPPING the Bud—Mr. Budd asked her, "Rose wilt thou be mine?"—Rose answered, "I am sorry, it cannot be—a Rose cannot be turned into a Budd."

"HE seems to have been shot in the diaphragm," said the doctor. "Oh no!" exclaimed his weeping listener, "he was shot right in the lower end of the saloon."

ECHO Answers—"What to Eat and How to publish. "What to Eat and Where to Get It," would, meet with a livelier sale just now.

VEGETINE is acknowledged by all classes of people to be the best and most reliable blood purifier in the world.

"Now tell me candidly, are you guilty?" asked a lawyer of his client. "Why, do you suppose I'd be fool enough to hire you if I was innocent?"

DAVID DAVIS is not the sort of a man to stay on the fence long. That's so. No fence can stand it over half an hour.

SITTING on the refrigerator door is now more popular and cooler than swinging on the garden gate.

SOME one says a man must be either an anvil or a hammer; but how many are nothing but bellows.

THERE have been a great many failures this year, and the rush to Europe is therefore correspondingly large.

WHY is a young lawyer like the national currency? Because he is a legal tender and somewhat green.

A YONKERS boy says: "There is two kinds of chickens—roosters and setters; and setters don't lay when they set."

PERSPIRATION never rains; it simply pores.

GOES without saying—A deaf mute.

THE ties that bind—Advertise.

SETS things right—The hen.

ASIATIC CHOLERA, Cholera Morbus, Summer Complaint, Colic, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and all Affections of the Bowels, incident to either children or adults, are cured at once by Dr. Jayne's Carminative Balsam. It allays the irritation and calms the action of the stomach, and being pleasant to the taste, is an acceptable remedy to the youngest in the family.

THE drunkard is a burden to himself as well as his friends, and both he and his friends will give much to be able to see reform and sobriety induced But since intoxication becomes a disease it requires a remedy of no usual activity to reach the difficulty. Those who have taken Simmons' Liver Regulator declare that it sets the liver in action and invigorates the system in such a way as to destroy the craving for strong drinks, and soon the desire for liquor is entirely dissipated. While shaky nervous and distressed, resort to Simmons' Liver Regulator as a Tonic, to arouse the torpid liver to action, to regulate the bowels and remove the feeling of general depression and with it the craving for liquor.

Volcanoes.

Cotapaxi, in 1738, threw its fiery rockets 3000 feet above its crater, while in 1754 the blazing mass, struggling for an outlet, roared so that its awful voice was heard at a distance of more than 600 miles. In 1797 the crater of Tunguragua, one of the great peaks of the Andes, flung out torrents of mud, which dammed up the rivers, opened new lakes, and, in valleys 1000 feet wide, made deposits 600 feet deep. The stream from Vesuvius, which in 1837, passed through Torre del Greco, contained 33,000,000 cubic feet of solid matter, and in 1793, when Torre del Greco was destroyed a second time, the mass of lava amounted to 45,000,000 cubic feet. In 1760 Ætna poured forth a flood which covered 84 square miles of surface, and measured nearly 1,000,000,000 cubic feet. On this occasion the sand and scoria formed the Monte Rosini, near Nicholosa, a cone of two miles in circumference, and 4000 feet high. The stream thrown out by Ætna in 1810 was in motion at the rate of a yard a day for nine months after the eruption; and it is on record that the lava of the same mountain, after a terrible eruption, was not thoroughly cool and consolidated for 10 years after the event. In the eruption of Vesuvius, A. D. 79, the scori and ashes vomited forth far exceeded the entire bulk of the mountain; while in 1660 Ætna disgorged more than 20 times it own mass. Vesuvius has sent its ashes as far as Constantinople, Syria and Egypt; it hurled stones eight pounds in weight to Pompeii, a distance of six miles, where similar masses were tossed up 2000 feet above the summit. Cotapaxi has projected a block of 100 cubic yards in volume a distance of nine miles; and Sumbawa, in 1815, during the most terrible eruption on record, sent its ashes as far as Java, a distance of 300 miles of surface, and, out of a population of 12,000 souls, only 20 escaped.

Surgeon's Perquisites.

An English legal journal speaks of a somewhat embarrassing legel question which has arisen at Washington. A surgeon amputated both legs of a patient, claimed them "*as his perquisites*," placed them in spirits, and exhibited them in a local museum in a jar with the name of the original owner. The latter, who objected to this publicity, brought an action for the recovery of the legs. No decision has been arrived at, but the authorities are anxious in the matter, for, if the plaintiff succeeds, they fear other limbless individuals may follow his example, and so the museum may in time be robbed of much of its scientific value and personal interest. It has been suggested that the museum authorities should take their stand upon the principle that the legs, when severed, become dead, and that at common law there is no property in a dead human body.

Nature's Sluice-way.

The kidneys are nature's sluice-way to wash out the debris of our constantly changing bodies. If they do not work properly the trouble is felt everywhere. Then be wise and as soon as you see signs of disorder get a package of Kidney-Wort.—*Sun.*

What is more Terrible.

more painful, more exasperating, discouraging and persistent than PILES, especially to afflicted mortals who have tried lotions, ointments, pills, electuaries and all manner of nostrums and doctors' stuff, internally and externally, without relief? What wonder is it that half a million redeemed sufferers should shout hosannas over the discovery of "Anakesis" an infallible cure for Piles? This medical miracle, so simple as to excite wonder that wise doctors have not thought of it before, so prompt and certain in its action as to secure for itself the title of *infallible*, so scientific and rational in its combination of poultice, instrument and medicine, as to render the ultimate cure of 95 per cent. of average cases of piles sure, is not an accidental discovery, but the solution of a problem by the study and experience of Dr. Silsbee, an accomplished and distinguished physician of 40 years' standing. It has stood the test of 20 years' experience; over half a million of sufferers have used it with success, and doctors of all schools now prescribe it in their practice and it is pronounced to be the nearest to an infallible cure for piles yet discovered. "*Anakesis*," Dr. S Silsbee's External Pile Remedy, is sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1.00 per box. Samples mailed FREE to all sufferers on application to P. Neustaedter & Co., Box 3946, New York.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.

Will send their celebrated Electro Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay.

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Bladder, Urinary and Liver Diseases, Dropsy, Gravel and Diabetes, are cured by

HUNT'S REMEDY,

the Great Kidney and Liver Medicine.

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cures Bright's Disease, Retention or Nonretention of Urine, Pains in the Back, Loins, or Side.

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ACTS AT ONCE on the **Kidneys, Liver,** and **Bowels,** restoring them to a healthy action, and **CURES** when all other medicines fail. Hundreds have been saved who have been given up to die by friends and physicians.

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Trial size, 75 cents. Large size cheapest.

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VEGETINE

Purifies the Blood, Renovates and Invigorates the whole System.

ITS MEDICINAL PROPERTIES ARE

Alterative, Tonic, Solvent and Diuretic.

Vegetine is made exclusively from the juices of carefully-selected barks, roots and herbs, and so strongly concentrated that it will effectually eradicate from the system every taint of **Scrofula, Scrofulous Humor, Tumors, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Syphilitic Diseases, Canker, Faintness at the Stomach,** and all diseases that arise from impure blood. **Sciatica, Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout and Spinal Complaints,** can only be effectually cured through the blood.

For **Ulcers** and **Eruptive Diseases** of the **Skin, Pustules, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Scaldhead and Ringworm,** VEGETINE has never failed to effect a permanent cure.

For Pains in the Back, Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Female weakness, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and uterine diseases and General Debility. VEGETINE acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation cures ulceration and regulates the bowels.

For Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, Piles, Nervousness and General Prostration of the Nervous System, no medicine has ever given such perfect satisfaction as the VEGETINE. It purifies the blood, cleanses all of the organs, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

The remarkable cures effected by Vegetine have induced many physicians and apothecaries whom we know, to prescribe and use it in their own families.

In fact, Vegetine is the best remedy yet discovered for the above diseases, and is the only reliable BLOOD PURIFIER yet placed before the public.

Vegetine.

PREPARED BY

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KIDNEY-WORT

PERMANENTLY CURES KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, Constipation and Piles.

Dr. R. H. Clark, South Hero, Vt., says, "In cases of Kidney Troubles it has acted like a charm. It has cured many very bad cases of Piles, and has never failed to act efficiently."

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C. S. Hogabon, of Berkshire, says, "One package has done wonders for me in completely curing a severe Liver and Kidney Complaint."

IT HAS WONDERFUL POWER. WHY?

Because it Acts on the LIVER, the BOWELS and the KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia and nervous disorders.

KIDNEY-WORT is a dry vegetable compound and can be sent by mail prepaid.

One package will make six qts of medicine.

TRY IT NOW!

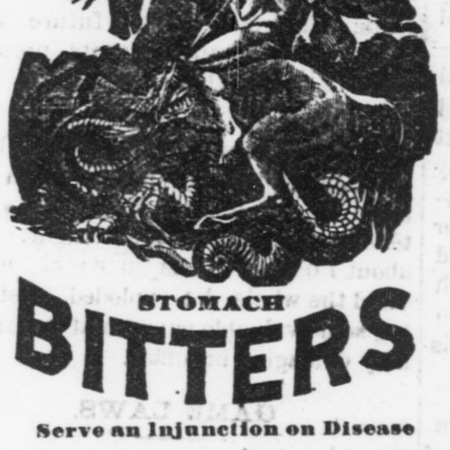
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The Purest and Best Medicine ever Made.

A combination of **Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion,** with all the best and most curative properties of all other Bitters, makes the greatest **Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator,** and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth.

No disease can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.

To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, **without intoxicating.**

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are what the disease or ailment is use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick but if you only feel bad or miserable, use them at once. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Do not suffer or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop B

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "INVALIDS FRIEND and HOPE" and no person or family should be without them.

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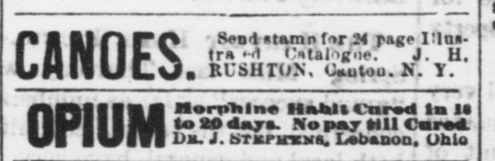
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FOR THE CURE OF CHRONIC DISEASE, SCROFULA OR SYPHILITIC, HEREDITARY OR CONTAGIOUS,

Be It Seated In The Lungs or Stomach, Skin or Bones, Flesh or Nerves,

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Chronic Rheumatism, Scrofula, Glandular Swelling, Hacking Dry Cough, Cancerous Affections, Syphilitic Complaints, Bleeding of the Lungs, Dyspepsia, Water Brash, Tic Doloreux, White Swellings, Tumors, Ulcers, Skin and Hip Diseases, Mercurial Diseases, Female Complaints, Gout, Drop y, Salt Rheum, Bronchitis, Consumption,

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Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent excel all remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional and Skin Diseases, but it is the only positive cure for

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One bottle contains more of the active principles of Medicines than any other Preparation. Taken in Teaspoonful doses, while others require five or six times as much.

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The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Thirty to sixty drops in a half tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Sprains, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels and all internal pains.

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A VEGETABLE SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL.

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen.

RADWAY'S PILLS, for the cure of all Disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a perfect cure. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.

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are quickly and surely cured by the use of KIDNEY-WORT. This new and wonderful remedy which is having such an immense sale in all parts of the country, works on natural principles. It restores strength and tone to the diseased organs, and through them cleanses the system of accumulated and poisonous humors. Kidney diseases of thirty years standing have been cured, also Piles, Constipation, Rheumatism, &c., which have distressed the victims for years. We have volumes of testimony of its wonderful curative power. No longer use Alcholic Bitters, which do more harm than good, or drastic pills, but use natures remedy, KIDNEY-WORT, and health will be quickly regained. **Get it of your Druggist, Price, $1.** (Will send post paid.) WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Prop's, Burlington, Vt.

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Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures all **Humors,** from the worst **Scrofula** to a common **Blotch, Pimple, or Eruption, Erysipelas, Salt-rheum, Fever Sores, Scaly or Rough Skin,** in short, all diseases caused by bad blood, are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine.

Especially has it manifested its potency in curing **Tetter, Rose Rash, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, White Swellings, Goitre or Thick Neck,** and **Enlarged Glands.**

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish-brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills alternated with hot flushes, irregular appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from **Torpid Liver,** or **"Billousness."** As a remedy for all such cases Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects perfect and radical cures.

In the cure of **Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, Weak Lungs,** and early stages of **Consumption,** it has astonished the medical faculty, and eminent physicians pronounce it the greatest medical discovery of the age. Sold by druggists.

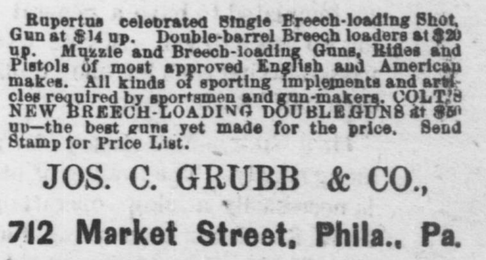
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No use of taking the large, repulsive, nauseous pills. These Pellets (Little Pills) are **scarcely larger than mustard seeds.**

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